

Engineering Data

MDV thermal Arctic Series Mono

18~30kW





CONTENTS

Part	1	General Information	3
Part	2	Engineering Data	19
Part	3	Installation and Field Settings	35







Part 1

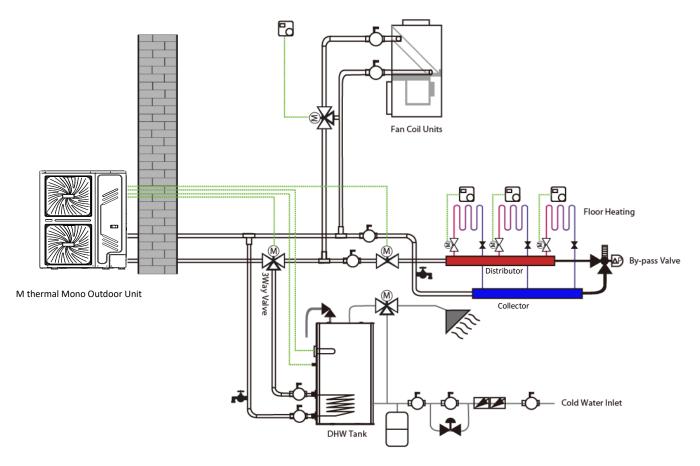
General Information

1 MDV thermal Mono System	4
2 Unit Capacities	6
3 Nomenclature	6
4 System Design and Unit Selection	7
5 Typical Applications	9

1 MDV thermal Mono System

1.1 System Schematic

Figure 1-1.1: System schematic



MDV thermal Mono is an integrated air to water heat pump system which is one-stop solution for space heating, space cooling and domestic hot water. The outdoor heat pump system extracts heat from the outdoor air and transfers this heat through refrigerant piping to the plate heat exchanger in the hydronic system. The heated water in the hydronic system circulates to low temperature heat emitters (floor heating loops or low temperature radiators) to provide space heating, and to the domestic hot water tank to provide domestic hot water. The 4-way valve in the outdoor unit can reverse the refrigerant cycle so that the hydronic system can provide chilled water for cooling using fan coil units.

The heating capacity of heat pumps decreases with ambient temperature dropping. MDV thermal Mono can be equipped with a backup electric heater to provide additional heating capacity for use during extremely cold weather when the heat pump capacity is insufficient. The backup electric heater also serves as a backup in case of heat pump malfunction and for anti-freeze protection of the outside water piping in winter.

1.2 System Configurations

MDV thermal Mono can be configured to run with the electric heater either enabled or disabled and can also be used in conjunction with an auxiliary heat source such as a boiler.

The chosen configuration affects the size of heat pump that is required. Three typical configurations are described below. Refer to Figure 1-1.2.

Configuration 1: Heat pump only

- The heat pump covers the required capacity and no extra heating capacity is necessary.
- Requires selection of larger capacity heat pump and implies higher initial investment.
- Ideal for new construction in projects where energy efficiency is paramount.

Configuration 2: Heat pump and backup electric heater

- Heat pump covers the required capacity until the ambient temperature drops below the point at which the heat pump is able to provide sufficient capacity. When the ambient temperature is below this equilibrium point (as shown in Figure 1-1.2), the backup electric heater supplies the required additional heating capacity.
- Best balance between initial investment and running costs, results in lowest lifecycle cost.
- Ideal for new construction.

Configuration 3: Heat pump with auxiliary heat source

- Heat pump covers the required capacity until the ambient temperature drops below the point at which the heat pump is able to provide sufficient capacity. When the ambient temperature is below this equilibrium point (as shown in Figure 1-1.2), depending on the system settings, either the auxiliary heat source supplies the required additional heating capacity or the heat pump does not run and the auxiliary heat source covers the required capacity.
- Enables selection of lower capacity heat pump.
- Ideal for refurbishments and upgrades.

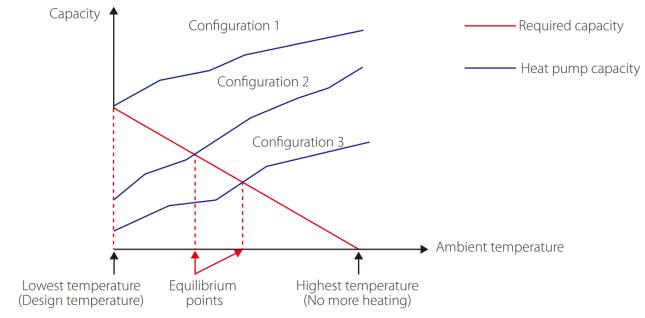


Figure 1-1.2: System configurations



2 Unit Capacities

Table 1-2.1: Unit capacities range and appearances

Capacity	18kW	22kW	26kW	30kW
Model (MDVC-)	V18WD2BR8-A	V22WD2BR8-A	V26WD2BR8-A	V30WD2BR8-A
Appearance				

3 Nomenclature

MDV	С	-	V	18	W	D2	Ε	R8	-	А
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8		9

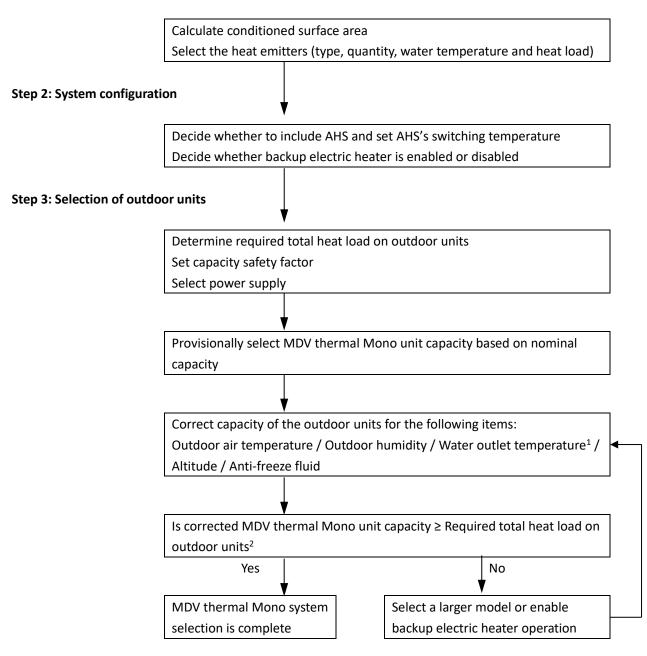
Legend		
No.	Code	Remarks
1	MDV	Brand: MDV brand
2	с	Type code:
2	C	C: Mono
3	V	Inverter
4	18	Capacity:
4	10	18: 18 kW; 22: 22 kW; 26: 26 kW; 30: 30 kW;
5	W	Cooling type: Outdoor unit Air cooled
6	D2	Compressor and fan motor types: All DC
		Power Supply of heat pump
7	E	E: 1-phase, 220-240V, 50Hz
		B: 3-phase, 380-415V, 50Hz
8	R8	Refrigerant: R32
9	А	Version code: Arctic Series



4 System Design and Unit Selection

4.1 Selection Procedure

Step 1: Total heat load calculation



Notes:

- If the required water temperatures of the heat emitters are not all the same, the MDV thermal Mono's outlet water temperature setting should be set at the highest of the heat emitter required water temperatures. If the water outlet design temperature falls between two temperatures listed in the outdoor unit's capacity table, calculate the corrected capacity by interpolation.
- 2. Select Mono units which should satisfy both total heating and cooling load requirements.



The recommended design LTW ranges for different types of heat emitter are:

- For floor heating: 30 to 35°C
- For fan coil units: 30 to 45°C
- For low temperature radiators: 40 to 50°C

4.3 Optimizing System Design

To get the most comfort with the lowest energy consumption with MDV thermal, it is important to take account of the following considerations:

- Choose heat emitters that allow the heat pump system to operate at as low a hot water temperature as possible whilst still providing sufficient heating.
- Make sure the correct weather dependency curve is selected to match the installation environment (building structure, climate) as well as ender user's demands.
- Connecting room thermostats (field supplied) to the hydronic system helps prevent excessive space heating by stopping the outdoor unit and circulator pump when the room temperature is above the thermostat set point.

4.4 Tank back up heater notice

Heat pump will stop when T5(tank temperature) has reached the minimum of both T5S(tank setting temperature) and T5stop (highest tank temperature which can be reached under certain ambient temperature with heat pump only) and lasted for 5s. The value of T5stop is shown as below.

If T5S is higher than T5stop, then T5S can not be reached with heat pump only. In this case, tank back up heater is needed in order to reach T5S.

T5stop value:

Ambient temperature($^{\circ}$ C)	-25~21	-20~14	-15~-11	-10~-4	-5~-1	0~4	5~9
T5stop(℃)	35	40	45	48	50	53	55

Ambient temperature($^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$)	10~14	15~19	20~24	25~29	30~34	35~39	40~43
T5stop(℃)	55	53	50	50	48	48	45



5 Typical Applications

5.1 Space Heating

The room thermostat is used as a switch. When there is a heating request from the room thermostat, the Mono unit operates to achieve the target water temperature set on the user interface. When the room temperature reaches the thermostat's set temperature, the unit stops.

Figure 1-5.1: Space heating

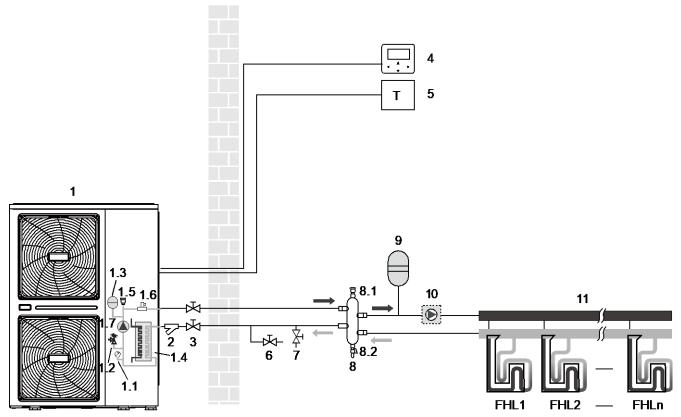


Table 1-5.1: Space heating

Legend			
1	Outdoor unit	5	Room thermostat (field supplied)
1.1	Manometer	6	Drain valve (field supplied)
1.2	Pressure relief valve	7	Fill valve (field supplied)
1.3	Expansion vessel	8	Balance tank (field supplied)
1.4	Plate heat exchanger	8.1	Air purge valve
1.5	Air purge valve	8.2	Drain valve
1.6	Flow switch	9	Expansion vessel (field supplied)
1.7	P_i: Circulation pump inside the unit	10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supplied)
2	Y-shape filter	11	Collector / Distributor (field supplied)
3	Stop valve (field supplied)	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supplied)
4	Wired controller		

Notes:



5.2 Space Heating and DHW with solar system

Space heating without room thermostat connected to the unit. Domestic hot water tank is connected to the unit, and the tank is with solar heating system. Solar water pump is controlled by Tsolar temperature sensor. Balance tank temperature sensor is used to control on/off of heat pump. Once the heat pump stops, internal pump stops to save energy and then balance tank provides hot water for space heating. In addition, balance tank temperature control can meet both space heating and domestic hot water needs at the same time.

Figure 1-5.2: Space heating and DHW with solar system

Space heating without room thermostat connected to the unit. Domestic hot water tank is connected to the unit, and the tank is with solar heating system.

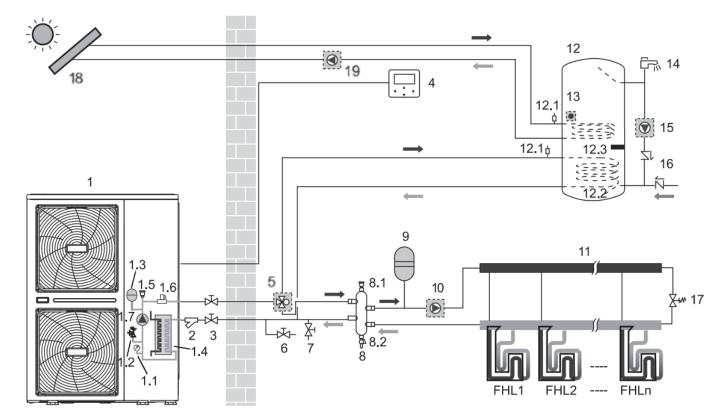


Table 1-5.2: Space heating and DHW with solar system

Legend			
1	Outdoor unit	8.2	Drain valve
1.1	Manometer	9	Expansion vessel (field supplied)
1.2	Pressure relief valve	10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supplied)
1.3	Expansion vessel	11	Collector / Distributor (field supplied)
1.4	Plate heat exchanger	12	Domestic hot water tank (field supplied)
1.5	Air purge valve	12.1	Air purge valve
1.6	Flow switch	12.2	Heat exchanger coil
1.7	P_i: Circulation pump inside the unit	12.3	Booster heater
2	Y-shape filter	13	T5: Temperature sensor
3	Stop valve (field supplied)	14	Hot water tap(field supplied)
4	Wired controller	15	P_d: Cycle hot water pump (field supplied)
5	SV1: 3-way valve (field supplied)	16	One way valve(field supplied)
6	Drain valve (field supplied)	17	Bypass valve(field supplied)
7	Fill valve (field supplied)	18	Solar heater(field supplied)
8	Balance tank (field supplied)	19	P_s: Solar pump(field supplied)
8.1	Air purge valve	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supplied)

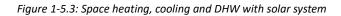
Notes:

1. The example is just for application illustration; please confirm the exact installation method according to the installation manual.

5.3 Space Heating, Cooling and DHW with solar system



Space cooling and heating application with a room thermostat suitable for heating/cooling changeover when connected to the unit. Heating is provided through floor heating loops and fan coil units. Cooling is provided through the fan coil units only. Domestic hot water is provided through the domestic hot water tank which is connected to the unit.



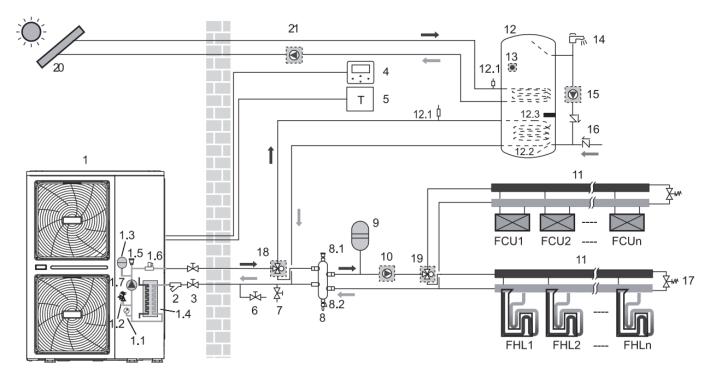


Table 1-5.3: Space heating, cooling and DHW with solar system

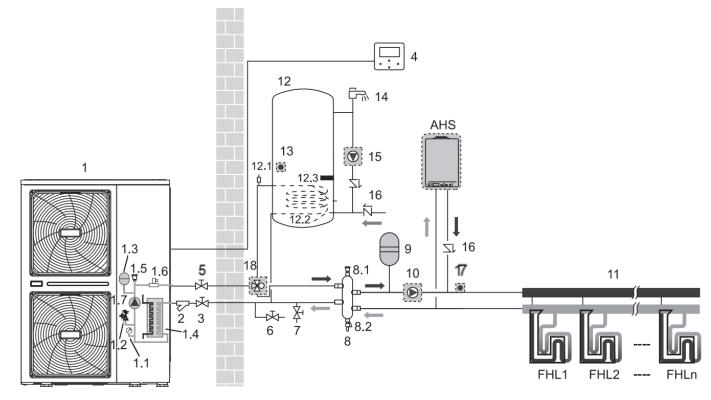
Legend			
1	Outdoor unit	10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supplied)
1.1	Manometer	11	Collector / Distributor (field supplied)
1.2	Pressure relief valve	12	Domestic hot water tank (field supplied)
1.3	Expansion vessel	12.1	Air purge valve
1.4	Plate heat exchanger	12.2	Heat exchanger coil
1.5	Air purge valve	12.3	Booster heater
1.6	Flow switch	13	T5: Temperature sensor
1.7	P_i: Circulation pump inside the unit	14	Hot water tap(field supplied)
2	Y-shape filter	15	P_d: Cycle hot water pump(field supplied)
3	Stop valve (field supplied)	16	One way valve(field supplied)
4	Wired controller	17	Bypass valve(field supplied)
5	Room thermostat (field supplied)	18	SV1: 3-way valve(field supplied)
6	Drain valve (field supplied)	19	SV2: 3-way valve (field supplied)
7	Fill valve (field supplied)	20	Solar heater(field supplied)
8	Balance tank (field supplied)	21	P_s: Solar pump(field supplied)
8.1	Air purge valve	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supplied)
8.2	Drain valve	FCU 1n	Fan coil units(field supplied)
9	Expansion vessel (field supplied)		

Notes:

Space heating application by either the unit or by AHS connected in the system.

If AHS only provides heat for space heating, AHS must be integrated in the piping work.

Figure 1-5.4: AHS provides heat for space heating



N)

Table 1-5.4: AHS provides heat for space heating

Legend	Legend					
1	Outdoor unit	8.2	Drain valve			
1.1	Manometer	9	Expansion vessel (field supplied)			
1.2	Pressure relief valve	10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supplied)			
1.3	Expansion vessel	11	Collector / Distributor (field supplied)			
1.4	Plate heat exchanger	12	Domestic hot water tank (field supplied)			
1.5	Air purge valve	12.1	Air purge valve			
1.6	Flow switch	12.2	Heat exchanger coil			
1.7	P_i: Circulation pump inside the unit	12.3	Booster heater			
2	Y-shape filter	13	T5: Temperature sensor			
3	Stop valve (field supplied)	14	Hot water tap(field supplied)			
4	Wired controller	15	P_d: Cycle hot water pump(field supplied)			
5	Stop valve (field supplied)	16	One way valve(field supplied)			
6	Drain valve (field supplied)	17	T1: Outlet water temperature sensor(field supplied)			
7	Fill valve (field supplied)	18	SV1: 3-way valve (field supplied)			
8	Balance tank (field supplied)	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supplied)			
8.1	Air purge valve					

Notes:



5.5 AHS provides heat for space heating and DHW

Space heating application by either the unit or by AHS connected in the system. Bivalent operation is possible for both space heating operation and domestic water heating operation. If AHS is also providing heat for domestic hot water, AHS can be integrated in the piping work. In this condition, the unit can sent ON/OFF signal to AHS in heating mode, but AHS control itself in DHW mode.

Figure 1-5.5: AHS provides heat for space heating and DHW

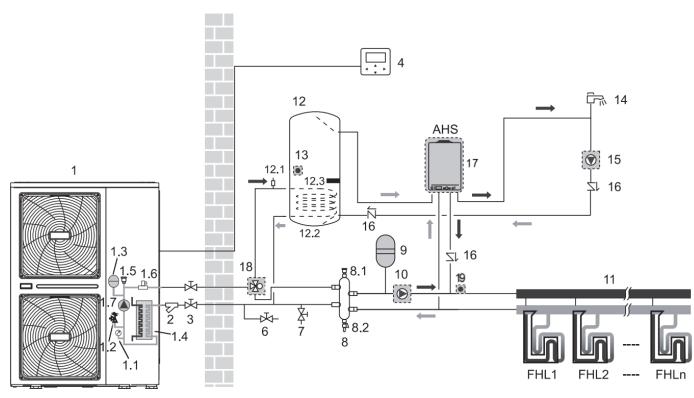


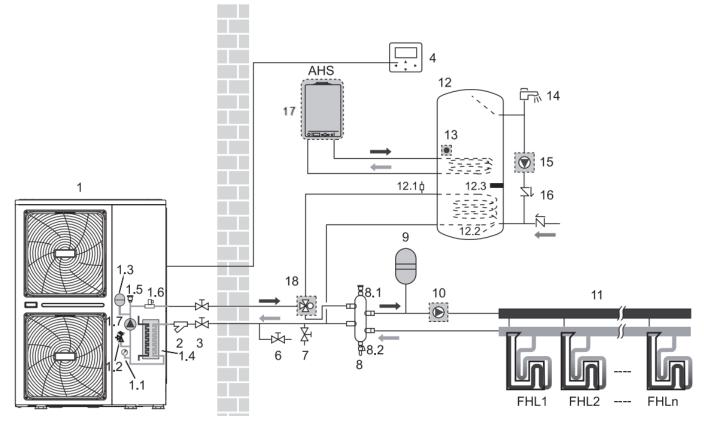
Table 1-5.5: AHS provides heat for space heating and DHW

Legend			
1	Outdoor unit	8.2	Drain valve
1.1	Manometer	9	Expansion vessel (field supplied)
1.2	Pressure relief valve	10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supplied)
1.3	Expansion vessel	11	Collector / Distributor (field supplied)
1.4	Plate heat exchanger	12	Domestic hot water tank (field supplied)
1.5	Air purge valve	12.1	Air purge valve
1.6	Flow switch	12.2	Heat exchanger coil
1.7	P_i: Circulation pump inside the unit	12.3	Booster heater
2	Y-shape filter	13	T5: Temperature sensor
3	Stop valve (field supplied)	14	Hot water tap(field supplied)
4	Wired controller	15	P_d: Cycle hot water pump(field supplied)
5	Stop valve (field supplied)	16	One way valve(field supplied)
6	Drain valve (field supplied)	17	Additional heat source(field supplied)
7	Fill valve (field supplied)	18	SV1: 3-way valve (field supplied)
8	Balance tank (field supplied)	19	T1: Outlet water temperature sensor(field supplied)
8.1	Air purge valve	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supplied)

Notes:

5.6 AHS provides heat for DHW

Figure 1-5.6: AHS provides heat for DHW



N)

Table 1-5.6: AHS provides heat for DHW

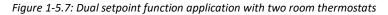
Legend			
1	Outdoor unit	8.2	Drain valve
1.1	Manometer	9	Expansion vessel (field supplied)
1.2	Pressure relief valve	10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supplied)
1.3	Expansion vessel	11	Collector / Distributor (field supplied)
1.4	Plate heat exchanger	12	Domestic hot water tank (field supplied)
1.5	Air purge valve	12.1	Air purge valve
1.6	Flow switch	12.2	Heat exchanger coil
1.7	P_i: Circulation pump inside the unit	12.3	Booster heater
2	Y-shape filter	13	T5: Temperature sensor
3	Stop valve (field supplied)	14	Hot water tap(field supplied)
4	Wired controller	15	P_d: Cycle hot water pump(field supplied)
5	Stop valve (field supplied)	16	One way valve(field supplied)
6	Drain valve (field supplied)	17	Additional heat source(field supplied)
7	Fill valve (field supplied)	18	SV1: 3-way valve (field supplied)
8	Balance tank (field supplied)	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supplied)
8.1	Air purge valve		

Notes:



5.7 Dual setpoint function application with two room thermostats

Space heating with two room thermostats application is through floor heating loops and fan coil units. The floor heating loops and fan coil units require different operating water temperature. The floor heating loops require a lower water temperature in heating mode compared to fan coil units. To achieve these two set points, a mixing station is used to adapt the water temperature according to requirements of the floor heating loops. The fan coil units are directly connected to the unit water circuit and the floor heating loops are after the mixing station. The mixing station is controlled by the unit (or field supply, controls by itself). With the help of hydronic adapter board(optional) which is connected between hydronic box and thermostats, maximum 8 thermostats for 8 rooms are available to control heat pump, which greatly improves the operation convenience.



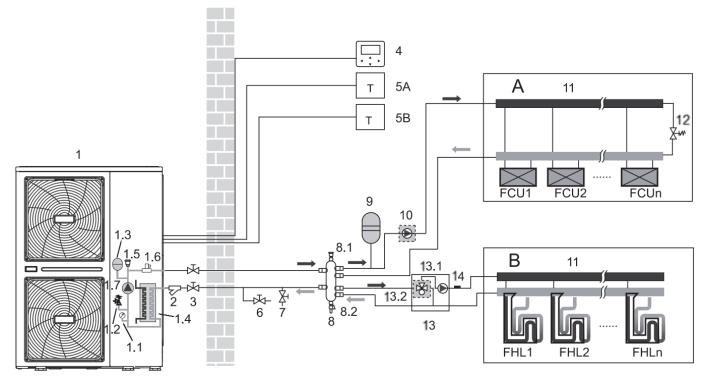


Table 1-5.7: Dual setpoint function application with two room thermostats

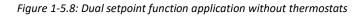
Legend			
1	Outdoor unit	7	Fill valve (field supplied)
1.1	Manometer	8	Balance tank (field supplied)
1.2	Pressure relief valve	8.1	Air purge valve
1.3	Expansion vessel	8.2	Drain valve
1.4	Plate heat exchanger	9	Expansion vessel (field supplied)
1.5	Air purge valve	10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supplied)
1.6	Flow switch	11	Collector / Distributor (field supplied)
1.7	P_i: Circulation pump inside the unit	12	Bypass valve (field supplied)
2	Y-shape filter	13	Mixing station(field supplied)
3	Stop valve (field supplied)	13.1	P_c: zone 2 pump (field supplied)
4	Wired controller	13.2	SV3: 3-way valve (field supplied)
5A	Room thermostat for zone 1 (field supply)	14	Tw2: Zone 2 water flow temp.(field supplied)
5B	Room thermostat for zone 2 (field supply)	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supplied)
6	Drain valve(field supplied)	FCU 1n	Fan coil units (field supplied)

Notes:



5.8 Dual setpoint function application without thermostats

Heating is provided through floor heating loops and fan coil units. The floor heating loops and fan coil units require different operating water temperatures. The floor heating loops require a lower water temperature in heating mode compared to fan coil units. To achieve these two set points, a mixing station is used to adapt the water temperature according to requirements of the floor heating loops. The fan coil units are directly connected to the unit water circuit and the floor heating loops are after the mixing station. The mixing station is controlled by the unit (or field supply, controls by itself).



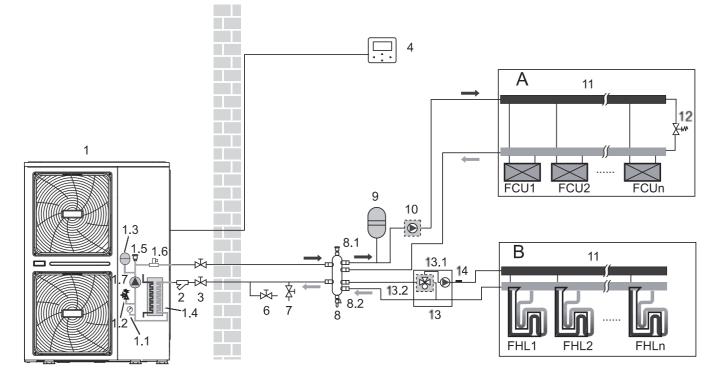


Table 1-5.8: Dual setpoint function application without thermostats

Legend			
1	Outdoor unit	8	Balance tank (field supplied)
1.1	Manometer	8.1	Air purge valve
1.2	Pressure relief valve	8.2	Drain valve
1.3	Expansion vessel	9	Expansion vessel (field supplied)
1.4	Plate heat exchanger	10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supplied)
1.5	Air purge valve	11	Collector / Distributor (field supplied)
1.6	Flow switch	12	Bypass valve (field supplied)
1.7	P_i: Circulation pump inside the unit	13	Mixing station(field supplied)
2	Y-shape filter	13.1	P_c: zone 2 pump (field supplied)
3	Stop valve (field supplied)	13.2	SV3: 3-way valve (field supplied)
4	Wired controller	14	Tw2: Zone 2 water flow temp.(field supplied)
5	Stop valve (field supplied)	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supplied)
6	Drain valve(field supplied)	FCU 1n	Fan coil units (field supplied)
7	Fill valve (field supplied)		

Notes:



5.9 Group control function for cooling, heating and DHW

Modularity is perfect when an extension of capacity becomes required as the building cooling/heating demand evolves. 6 units can be controlled in group. The group control system can control and view the operation of the entire system only by connecting the master to the wire controller. If the DHW function is required, the water tank can only be connected to the master unit water circuit through a three-way valve, and controlled by the master unit. If AHS is needed, it can only be connected to the master waterway and controlled by the master unit. The Tbt1 temperature sensor must be installed in the parallel system (otherwise unit cannot be started). If the balance tank is too large, Tbt2 needs to be added in order to improve the control accuracy. Tbt2 is set in the lower part of the balance tank. The water inlet and outlet pipe joints of each unit of the parallel system should be connected with soft connections and one-way valves must be installed at the water outlet pipe

Figure 1-5.9: Group control function for cooling, heating and DHW

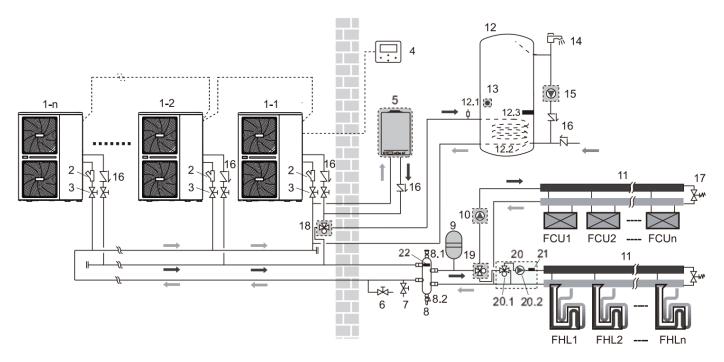


Table 1-5.9: Group control function for cooling, heating and DHW

Legend			
1-1	Outdoor unit: master	12.2	Heat exchanger coil
1-21-n	Outtdoor unit: slave	12.3	Booster heater
2	Y-shape filter	13	T5: DHW tank temp. sensor
3	Stop valve (field supply)	14	Hot water tap (field supply)
4	Wired controller	15	P_d: DHW pump (field supply)
5	Additional heating source(boiler) (field supply)	16	One way valve (field supply)
6	Drain valve (field supply)	17	Bypass valve(field supply)
7	Fill valve (field supply)	18	SV1: 3-way valve (field supply)
8	Balance tank (field supply)	19	SV1: 3-way valve (field supply)
8.1	Air purge valve	20	Mixing station (field supply)
8.2	Drain valve	20.1	P_c: zone 2 pump (field supply)
9	Expansion vessel (field supply)	20.2	SV3: 3-way valve (field supply)
10	P_o: Outside circulation pump (field supply)	21	Tw2: Zone 2 water flow temp. (individual purchase)
11	Collector / distributor (field supply)	22	Tbt1: Balance tank temp. sensor (individual purchase)
12	Domestic hot water tank (field supply)	FHL 1n	Floor heating loop (field supply)
12.1	Air purge valve	FCU 1n	Fan coil units (field supply)

Notes:





Part 2

Engineering Data

1 Specifications	20
2 Electrical characteristics	21
3 Dimensions and Center of Gravity	21
4 Capacity Tables	22
5 Operating Limits	28
6 Hydronic Performance	29
7 Sound Levels	30
8 Accessories	



1 Specifications

Madal nama			MDVC-V18	MDVC-V22	MDVC-V26	MDVC-V30	
Model name			WD2BR8-A	WD2BR8-A	WD2BR8-A	WD2BR8-A	
Power supply		V/Ph/Hz		380-41	.5/3/50		
	Capacity	W	18000	22000	26000	30100	
Heating(A7W35)	Rated input	W	3830	5000	6373	7698	
	СОР		4.70	4.40	4.08	3.91	
	Capacity	W	18000	22000	26000	30000	
Heating(A7W45)	Rated input	W	5143	6471	8387	10345	
	СОР		3.50	3.40	3.10	2.90	
	Capacity	W	18000	22000	26000	30000	
Heating(A7W55)	Rated input	W	6545	8302	10612	13043	
	СОР		2.75	2.65	2.45	2.30	
	Capacity	W	18000	21000	22000	23000	
Heating(A-7W35)	Rated input	w	6667	8077	8800	9388	
	СОР		2.70	2.60	2.50	2.45	
	Capacity	W	18500	23000	27000	31000	
Cooling(A35W18)	Rated input	w	3895	5000	6279	7750	
	EER	1	4.75	4.60	4.30	4.00	
	Capacity	W	17000	21000	26000	29500	
Cooling(A35W7)	Rated input	w	5574	7119	9630	11569	
	EER	1	3.05	2.95	2.70	2.55	
Seasonal space heating energy	Water outlet at 35°C / 55°C	class	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A+	A++ / A+	
efficiency class			,	,	,,	,	
	Warmer climate	35°C	5.73	5.93	5.85	5.40	
		55°C	4.00	4.10	4.28	4.15	
SCOP	Average climate	35°C	4.60	4.53	4.50	4.20	
		55°C	3.20	3.23	3.15	3.15	
	Colder climate	35°C	3.73	3.73	3.65	3.53	
		55°C	2.50	2.63	2.60	2.58	
SEER	Water outlet at 7°C / 18°C		4.70 / 5.48	4.70 / 5.67	4.66 / 5.88	4.49 / 5.71	
Compressor		Туре		Twin rotary	DC inverter		
Outdoor fan motor		Туре		Brushless	DC motor		
Water side heat exchanger				Plate	type	<u>.</u>	
Water pump	Max. pump head	m	12	12	12	12	
Refrigerant (R32)	Charged volume	kg		5	.0		
Throttle type				Electronic ex	pansion valve		
Sound power level ²		dB	71	73	75	77	
Rated water flow		m³/h	3.10	3.78	4.47	5.18	
Internal water volume		L	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	
Unit dimension / Packing dimensi	on (W×H×D)	mm	1	129×1558×528,	/ 1220×1735×56	55	
Net / Gross weight		kg		177	/ 206		
Water piping connections Dia.		inch	1-1/4" BSP 1-1/4" BSP 1-1/4" BSP			1-1/4" BSP	
Amelianthagenetic	Cooling	°C		-5-	-46		
Ambient temperature range	Heating	°C	-25-35				



	DHW	°C	-25-43
	Cooling	°C	5-25
Water setting temperature range	Heating	°C	25-60
	DHW ³	°C	30-60

Notes:

1. Relevant EU standards and legislation: EN14511; EN14825; EN50564; EN12102; (EU) No 811/2013; (EU) No 813/2013; OJ 2014/C 207/02.

2. Test standard: EN12102-1

3. Maximum domestic hot water temperature 60 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ $\,$ is only available with TBH support.

2 Electrical characteristics

		Outd	oor unit		F	Power curren	t	Comp	ressor	Fan		
System	Voltage	Hz	Min. Max.		MCA	TOCA	MFA	MSC	RLA	kW	FLA	
	(V) Hz		(V)	(V)	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)	(A)	KVV	(A)	
MDVC-V18WD2BR8-A	380~415	50	342	456	21	28	25	-	12	0.34	3	
MDVC-V22WD2BR8-A	380~415	50	342	456	24.5	28	25	-	14	0.34	3	
MDVC-V26WD2BR8-A	380~415	50	342	456	27	28	32	-	18	0.34	3	
MDVC-V30WD2BR8-A	380~415	50	342	456	28.5	28	32	-	21	0.34	3	

Note:

MCA: Min. Circuit Amps. (A)

TOCA: Total Over-current Amps. (A)

MFA: Max. Fuse Amps. (A)

MSC: Max. Starting Amps. (A)

RLA: Rated Load Amps. (A)

The input Amps of compressor where MAX. Hz can operate for nominal cooling or heating test condition

kW: Rated Motor Output

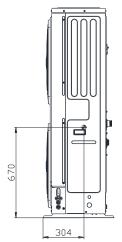
FLA: Full Load Amps. (A)

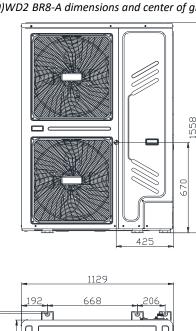
3 Dimensions and Center of Gravity

528 495

6

Figure 2-2.1: MDVC-V 18(22, 26,30)WD2 BR8-A dimensions and center of gravity (unit: mm)







4 Capacity Tables

4.1 Heating Capacity Tables (Test standard: EN14511)

Table 2-4.1: MDVC-V18WD2BR8-A heating capacity - peak values¹

Outdoor										L	WT (°C)									
air temp.		30			35		40 45					50			55				60		
°C DB	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР
-25.0	10191	6401	1.59	9069	6788	1.34															
-20.0	12939	6013	2.15	11515	6376	1.81	10091	6739	1.50												
-15.0	20078	7699	2.61	19027	8151	2.33	17841	9048	1.97	15171	9112	1.66	12715	9070	1.40						
-10	22882	8635	2.65	21871	8832	2.48	21232	9533	2.23	18785	9369	2.01	16482	9128	1.81	9437	8390	1.12	6282	5554	1.13
-7.0	24296	8831	2.75	23577	9241	2.55	23266	9824	2.37	20360	9253	2.20	18743	9163	2.05	10735	8784	1.22	8565	7170	1.19
-5.0	25871	8671	2.98	25235	9210	2.74	25038	9924	2.52	22679	9738	2.33	20410	9475	2.15	11858	8869	1.34	10173	8050	1.26
-2.0	26720	7980	3.35	25246	8346	3.02	24294	8836	2.75	23360	9301	2.51	21178	9626	2.20	13926	9310	1.50	11838	8353	1.42
0	24577	6937	3.54	24132	7502	3.22	23688	8068	2.94	23244	8633	2.69	21313	9386	2.27	17275	9037	1.91	14415	8998	1.60
2	25962	6948	3.74	25494	7477	3.41	25026	8006	3.13	24558	8535	2.88	23848	9184	2.60	20623	8764	2.35	19015	9387	2.03
5	20580	5005	4.11	19758	5333	3.70	18937	5662	3.34	18115	5990	3.02	17898	6718	2.66	17680	7446	2.37	17463	8373	2.09
7.0	21884	5019	4.36	20738	5313	3.90	19593	5608	3.49	18447	5902	3.13	18424	6805	2.71	18401	7707	2.39	18378	8610	2.13
10	21824	4923	4.43	20654	5071	4.07	19484	5220	3.73	18314	5368	3.41	18238	6070	3.00	18162	6771	2.68	18087	7473	2.42
15.0	23370	5157	4.53	22078	5109	4.32	20786	5061	4.11	20886	5372	3.89	19338	5484	3.53	19182	5954	3.22	19026	6424	2.96
20.0	25031	5384	4.65	23779	5329	4.46	22527	5273	4.27	21275	5217	4.08	20829	5569	3.74	20382	5921	3.44	19935	6273	3.18
25.0	24785	5211	4.76	23660	5152	4.59	22535	5093	4.43	21410	5033	4.25	20725	5250	3.95	20040	5468	3.67	19355	5685	3.40
30.0	26328	5423	4.85	25240	5356	4.71	24153	5289	4.57	23065	5222	4.42	22110	5330	4.15	21154	5437	3.89	20199	5545	3.64
35.0	12774	1712	7.46	12484	1898	6.58	12195	2085	5.85	11905	2271	5.24	11516	2596	4.44	11127	2920	3.81			

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

HC: Total heating capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)

Notes:

1.Peak heating capacity values do not take account of capacity drops caused by frost accumulation and during defrosting.

Table 2-4.2: MDVC-V18WD2BR8-A	hoating congoit	intograted values
IUDIE Z-4.Z. IVIDVL-VIOVDZBKO-A	πεατιπά ταρατιτί	- mearalea values-

Outdoor										L	WT (°C	:)									
air temp.		30			35		40 45					50			55				60		
°C DB	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР
-25.0	8684	6028	1.44	7841	6518	1.20															
-20.0	11025	5663	1.95	9955	6123	1.63	8885	6583	1.35												
-15.0	15468	6961	2.22	14693	6973	2.11	14167	8250	1.72	12439	8742	1.42	10822	9073	1.19						
-10	18972	7639	2.48	17951	7874	2.28	17232	8595	2.00	15056	8533	1.76	13026	8388	1.55	9165	8350	1.10	6100	5826	1.05
-7.0	21075	8180	2.58	19906	8414	2.37	19071	8803	2.17	16156	8169	1.98	14349	7978	1.80	10075	8515	1.18	8038	7435	1.08
-5.0	22146	7943	2.79	20955	8275	2.53	20117	8760	2.30	17578	8459	2.08	15209	8110	1.88	10946	8535	1.28	9390	8035	1.17
-2.0	22479	7183	3.13	20516	7346	2.79	19021	7627	2.49	17570	7892	2.23	16322	8364	1.95	12613	8870	1.42	10722	8815	1.22
0	19933	6025	3.31	19367	6511	2.97	18800	6998	2.69	18234	7484	2.44	17629	8545	2.06	15174	8562	1.77	13564	8812	1.54
2	20355	5816	3.50	20228	6397	3.16	20101	6979	2.88	19974	7560	2.64	19936	8410	2.37	17735	8254	2.15	16838	8572	1.96
5	20220	4928	4.10	19080	5189	3.68	17940	5450	3.29	16800	5711	2.94	16775	6496	2.58	16750	7282	2.30	16726	8067	2.07
7.0	21884	5019	4.36	20738	5313	3.90	19593	5608	3.49	18447	5902	3.13	18424	6805	2.71	18401	7707	2.39	18378	8610	2.13
10	21824	4923	4.43	20654	5071	4.07	19484	5220	3.73	18314	5368	3.41	18238	6070	3.00	18162	6771	2.68	18087	7473	2.42
15.0	23370	5157	4.53	22078	5109	4.32	20786	5061	4.11	20886	5372	3.89	19338	5484	3.53	19182	5954	3.22	19026	6424	2.96
20.0	25031	5384	4.65	23779	5329	4.46	22527	5273	4.27	21275	5217	4.08	20829	5569	3.74	20382	5921	3.44	19935	6273	3.18
25.0	24785	5211	4.76	23660	5152	4.59	22535	5093	4.43	21410	5033	4.25	20725	5250	3.95	20040	5468	3.67	19355	5685	3.40
30.0	26328	5423	4.85	25240	5356	4.71	24153	5289	4.57	23065	5222	4.42	22110	5330	4.15	21154	5437	3.89	20199	5545	3.64
35.0	12774	1712	7.46	12484	1898	6.58	12195	2085	5.85	11905	2271	5.24	11516	2596	4.44	11127	2920	3.81			

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

HC: Total heating capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)

Notes:

1.Integrated heating capacity values take account of capacity drops caused by frost accumulation and during defrosting.



Table 2-4.3: MDVC-V22WD2BR8-A heating capacity - peak values¹

Outdoor	LWT (°C)																					
air temp.		30			35			40			45		50			55				60		
°C DB	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	
-25.0	10174	6756	1.51	9123	7154	1.28																
-20.0	12899	6067	2.13	11566	6424	1.80	10234	6782	1.51													
-15.0	20342	7021	2.90	19112	8206	2.33	17973	9705	1.85	16782	11251	1.49	14704	11423	1.29							
-10	22770	7972	2.86	22000	8861	2.48	21609	9866	2.19	21191	10901	1.94	18987	10952	1.73	12202	10922	1.12	8529	7893	1.08	
-7.0	24093	8271	2.91	23733	9254	2.56	23791	9963	2.39	23836	10691	2.23	21846	10470	2.09	13558	10441	1.30	9946	8124	1.22	
-5.0	25944	8376	3.10	25423	9289	2.74	25347	10043	2.52	25252	10817	2.33	23008	10627	2.16	15564	10743	1.45	12091	9304	1.30	
-2.0	28722	8702	3.30	27958	9343	2.99	27680	10163	2.72	27375	11005	2.49	23397	10626	2.20	18573	11196	1.66	14958	11305	1.32	
0	28274	8037	3.52	27530	8709	3.16	26787	9382	2.86	26043	10054	2.59	24722	10978	2.25	21601	10987	1.97	19108	11100	1.72	
2	29878	7993	3.74	29100	8743	3.33	28321	9492	2.98	27542	10242	2.69	27112	10959	2.47	24629	10778	2.29	22717	11224	2.02	
5	24792	6189	4.01	23920	6684	3.58	23049	7178	3.21	22177	7673	2.89	21966	8497	2.59	21754	9321	2.33	21543	10344	2.08	
7.0	25997	6215	4.18	24925	6468	3.85	23891	7096	3.37	22657	7511	3.02	22706	8542	2.66	22775	9089	2.51	22443	10552	2.13	
10	25467	5928	4.30	24549	6290	3.90	23631	6652	3.55	22713	7015	3.24	22316	7676	2.91	21919	8337	2.63	21521	8999	2.39	
15.0	28916	6484	4.46	28048	6789	4.13	27180	7095	3.83	26312	7401	3.56	25450	7657	3.32	24588	7913	3.11	23726	8169	2.90	
20.0	28642	6171	4.64	27752	6407	4.33	26862	6644	4.04	25972	6881	3.77	24963	7064	3.53	23953	7248	3.30	22944	7431	3.09	
25.0	28913	6010	4.81	27988	6192	4.52	27063	6373	4.25	26138	6555	3.99	24984	6679	3.74	23830	6803	3.50	22676	6928	3.27	
30.0	30920	6224	4.97	29906	6364	4.70	28892	6505	4.44	27878	6645	4.20	26518	6722	3.95	25158	6798	3.70	23799	6875	3.46	
35.0	12748	1735	7.35	12458	1923	6.48	12167	2110	5.77	11877	2298	5.17	11536	2619	4.41	11196	2940	3.81				

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

HC: Total heating capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)

Notes:

1.Integrated heating capacity values take account of capacity drops caused by frost accumulation and during defrosting.

Outdoor										L	.WT (°C)									
air temp.		30			35			40			45			50			55			60	
°C DB	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР
-25.0	8726	6366	1.37	8064	6892	1.17															
-20.0	11062	5716	1.94	10223	6188	1.65	9383	6660	1.41												
-15.0	16554	6653	2.49	15913	7348	2.17	14860	9099	1.63	13761	10907	1.26	12571	11272	1.12						
-10	20427	8048	2.54	19266	8196	2.35	18429	9176	2.01	17550	10186	1.72	15221	10274	1.48	10648	10010	1.06	7442	7234	1.03
-7.0	22348	8404	2.66	21279	8704	2.44	20570	9223	2.23	19824	9754	2.03	17426	9425	1.85	12547	10034	1.25	9204	7904	1.16
-5.0	23094	8219	2.81	22113	8611	2.57	21508	9221	2.33	20869	9847	2.12	18483	9601	1.93	13813	10050	1.37	10731	8985	1.19
-2.0	24215	8052	3.01	23364	8471	2.76	22915	9219	2.49	22435	9988	2.25	18925	9595	1.97	15713	10074	1.56	13392	10067	1.33
0	22920	7140	3.21	22469	7779	2.89	22018	8417	2.62	21568	9056	2.38	20738	9947	2.08	18377	10003	1.84	16511	10149	1.63
2	23355	6959	3.36	23244	7692	3.02	23132	8425	2.75	23021	9157	2.51	22908	9959	2.30	21042	9933	2.12	19629	10005	1.96
5	23541	6021	3.91	22623	6460	3.50	21704	6900	3.15	20786	7340	2.83	20672	8189	2.52	20559	9039	2.27	20445	9889	2.07
7.0	25997	6215	4.18	24925	6468	3.85	23891	7096	3.37	22657	7511	3.02	22706	8542	2.66	22775	9089	2.51	22443	10552	2.13
10	25467	5928	4.30	24549	6290	3.90	23631	6652	3.55	22713	7015	3.24	22316	7676	2.91	21919	8337	2.63	21521	8999	2.39
15.0	28916	6484	4.46	28048	6789	4.13	27180	7095	3.83	26312	7401	3.56	25450	7657	3.32	24588	7913	3.11	23726	8169	2.90
20.0	28642	6171	4.64	27752	6407	4.33	26862	6644	4.04	25972	6881	3.77	24963	7064	3.53	23953	7248	3.30	22944	7431	3.09
25.0	28913	6010	4.81	27988	6192	4.52	27063	6373	4.25	26138	6555	3.99	24984	6679	3.74	23830	6803	3.50	22676	6928	3.27
30.0	30920	6224	4.97	29906	6364	4.70	28892	6505	4.44	27878	6645	4.20	26518	6722	3.95	25158	6798	3.70	23799	6875	3.46
35.0	12748	1735	7.35	12458	1923	6.48	12167	2110	5.77	11877	2298	5.17	11536	2619	4.41	11196	2940	3.81			

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C) HC: Total heating capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)

Notes:

1. Integrated heating capacity values take account of capacity drops caused by frost accumulation and during defrosting.

Table 2-4.5: MDVC-V26WD2BR8-A heating capacity - peak values ¹ Outdoor



Outdoor						<u>, ,</u>	, ,			L	.WT (°C)									
air temp.		30			35			40			45			50			55			60	
°C DB	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР
-25.0	10157	7112	1.43	9177	7521	1.22															
-20.0	12858	6120	2.10	11617	6472	1.79	10376	6824	1.52												
-15.0	20606	6342	3.25	19196	8261	2.32	18104	10362	1.75	16961	12531	1.35	16535	13802	1.20						
-10	22658	7758	2.92	22130	8889	2.49	21987	10200	2.16	21825	11550	1.89	21277	12722	1.67	12658	11004	1.15	9889	8909	1.11
-7.0	23890	8607	2.78	24743	9597	2.58	24316	10102	2.41	24743	10962	2.26	24743	11645	2.12	16704	12198	1.37	12590	10175	1.24
-5.0	26018	8754	2.97	25612	9369	2.73	25656	10162	2.52	25685	10977	2.34	25265	11614	2.18	19042	12259	1.55	14431	10380	1.39
-2.0	29211	8974	3.26	28195	9523	2.96	27665	10252	2.70	27099	11000	2.46	26142	11863	2.20	23013	12689	1.81	21303	14295	1.49
0	30979	8866	3.49	29918	9625	3.11	29372	10571	2.78	28788	11543	2.49	28276	12655	2.23	25372	12580	2.02	23965	13083	1.83
2	32747	8757	3.74	31640	10400	3.04	31078	10890	2.85	30476	12086	2.52	30411	12867	2.36	27207	12236	2.22	25583	12690	2.02
5	28950	7415	3.90	28072	8110	3.46	27194	8805	3.09	26316	9501	2.77	26129	10400	2.51	28150	12261	2.30	25755	12399	2.08
7.0	29927	7459	4.01	29083	8074	3.60	28240	8690	3.25	27396	9305	2.94	27120	10382	2.61	26843	11459	2.34	24306	11469	2.12
10	28870	6938	4.16	28366	7576	3.74	27863	8214	3.39	27359	8852	3.09	26538	9413	2.82	25717	9974	2.58	24895	10536	2.36
15.0	32415	7394	4.38	30789	7789	3.95	30707	8536	3.60	30624	9283	3.30	28930	9180	3.15	26556	8851	3.00	24905	8751	2.85
20.0	32835	7086	4.63	32475	7723	4.21	30468	7931	3.84	30126	8535	3.53	28453	8482	3.35	26780	8428	3.18	25107	8375	3.00
25.0	33747	6931	4.87	33140	7449	4.45	32533	7966	4.08	31926	8484	3.76	30146	8472	3.56	28366	8460	3.35	26586	8448	3.15
30.0	35360	6947	5.09	34511	7366	4.69	33662	7785	4.32	33725	8432	4.00	31839	8462	3.76	29952	8491	3.53	28066	8521	3.29
35.0	12722	1759	7.23	12431	1947	6.38	12140	2136	5.68	11849	2324	5.10	11557	2642	4.37	11264	2959	3.81			

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

HC: Total heating capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)

Notes:

1.Peak heating capacity values do not take account of capacity drops caused by frost accumulation and during defrosting.

Table 2-4.6: MDVC-V26WD2BR8-A heating capacity - integrated values¹

Outdoor										L	.WT (°C)									
air temp.		30			35			40			45			50			55			60	
°C DB	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР
-25.0	8768	6704	1.31	8286	7266	1.14															
-20.0	11099	5769	1.92	10490	6253	1.68	9881	6737	1.47												
-15.0	17641	6344	2.78	17133	7723	2.22	15554	9948	1.56	13909	12247	1.14	13613	12772	1.07						
-10	21882	8010	2.73	20582	8518	2.42	19626	9757	2.01	18624	11035	1.69	17278	12141	1.42	13199	12016	1.10	10311	9728	1.06
-7.0	23620	8628	2.74	23460	9316	2.52	22069	9642	2.29	21453	10307	2.08	20450	10803	1.89	15277	11629	1.31	11515	9701	1.19
-5.0	24043	8494	2.83	23270	8947	2.60	22900	9682	2.37	22501	10438	2.16	21701	11024	1.97	16354	11161	1.47	12392	9986	1.24
-2.0	24677	8515	2.90	24199	8875	2.73	24145	9742	2.48	24074	10634	2.26	22101	11100	1.99	18394	10781	1.71	15966	10988	1.45
0	25100	8045	3.12	24819	8828	2.81	24975	9782	2.55	25122	10765	2.33	24034	11414	2.11	20968	11023	1.90	19220	11177	1.72
2	25523	7910	3.23	25438	8780	2.90	25806	9822	2.63	26170	10896	2.40	25967	11612	2.24	23098	11052	2.09	21594	11019	1.96
5	26524	7131	3.72	25990	7792	3.34	25455	8453	3.01	24920	9115	2.73	24688	9993	2.47	24457	10871	2.25	24225	11749	2.06
7.0	29927	7459	4.01	29083	8074	3.60	28240	8690	3.25	27396	9305	2.94	27120	10382	2.61	26843	11459	2.34	24306	11469	2.12
10	28870	6938	4.16	28366	7576	3.74	27863	8214	3.39	27359	8852	3.09	26538	9413	2.82	25717	9974	2.58	24895	10536	2.36
15.0	32415	7394	4.38	30789	7789	3.95	30707	8536	3.60	30624	9283	3.30	28930	9180	3.15	26556	8851	3.00	24905	8751	2.85
20.0	32835	7086	4.63	32475	7723	4.21	30468	7931	3.84	30126	8535	3.53	28453	8482	3.35	26780	8428	3.18	25107	8375	3.00
25.0	33747	6931	4.87	33140	7449	4.45	32533	7966	4.08	31926	8484	3.76	30146	8472	3.56	28366	8460	3.35	26586	8448	3.15
30.0	35360	6947	5.09	34511	7366	4.69	33662	7785	4.32	33725	8432	4.00	31839	8462	3.76	29952	8491	3.53	28066	8521	3.29
35.0	12722	1759	7.23	12431	1947	6.38	12140	2136	5.68	11849	2324	5.10	11557	2642	4.37	11264	2959	3.81			

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C) HC: Total heating capacity (W) PI: Power input (W)

Notes:

1.Integrated heating capacity values take account of capacity drops caused by frost accumulation and during defrosting.



Table 2-4.7: MDVC-V30WD2BR8-A heating capacity - peak values¹

MDV thermal Arctic Mono

Outdoor										L	.WT (°C)									
air temp.		30 35 IC PI COP HC PI						40			45			50			55			60	
°C DB	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	COP
-25.0	10495	7989	1.31	9553	8439	1.13															
-20.0	13266	6606	2.01	12076	6976	1.73	10887	7347	1.48												
-15.0	21600	6060	3.56	19955	8898	2.24	18873	11790	1.60	17740	14777	1.20	17283	16036	1.08						
-10	23336	7831	2.98	23038	9542	2.41	23147	11270	2.05	23245	13053	1.78	22937	14639	1.57	14692	13080	1.12	11046	9807	1.13
-7.0	24516	9090	2.70	24888	9928	2.51	25711	10959	2.35	26547	12019	2.21	26933	12887	2.09	22278	14100	1.58	16470	12795	1.29
-5.0	27005	9411	2.87	26704	10109	2.64	26874	11001	2.44	27033	11917	2.27	26721	12641	2.11	23263	14564	1.60	19236	12538	1.53
-2.0	30739	9892	3.11	29428	10381	2.83	28618	11064	2.59	27762	11765	2.36	27612	12944	2.13	27907	14716	1.90	27664	17438	1.59
0	32612	9711	3.36	31244	10562	2.96	30409	11617	2.62	29526	12703	2.32	29993	13980	2.15	29409	14730	2.00	28335	14653	1.93
2	33318	8907	3.74	31942	9481	3.37	31111	11374	2.74	30700	12748	2.41	30582	13511	2.26	29866	13781	2.17	28047	13980	2.01
5	31830	8363	3.81	31020	9257	3.35	30791	10348	2.98	30532	11310	2.70	30387	12427	2.45	29919	13651	2.19	28984	14005	2.07
7.0	31177	8100	3.85	31754	9509	3.34	30825	9810	3.14	30992	11268	2.75	31077	12097	2.57	30563	13819	2.21	27332	12943	2.11
10	30030	7459	4.03	30099	8373	3.59	30837	9493	3.25	31579	10654	2.96	30903	11281	2.74	30172	11925	2.53	27033	11579	2.33
15.0	31835	7396	4.30	32695	8637	3.79	34334	10108	3.40	36014	11636	3.09	34020	11332	3.00	32585	11237	2.90	27197	9762	2.79
20.0	32636	7055	4.63	32977	8075	4.08	34150	9322	3.66	35340	10620	3.33	33608	10510	3.20	32477	10618	3.06	27137	9328	2.91
25.0	33876	6869	4.93	33763	7710	4.38	34535	8776	3.94	35302	9885	3.57	33766	9942	3.40	32877	10226	3.22	27519	9093	3.03
30.0	36747	7036	5.22	36198	7749	4.67	36587	8684	4.21	36947	9657	3.83	35488	9862	3.60	34721	10306	3.37	29225	9313	3.14
35.0	12696	1782	7.12	12405	1972	6.29	12113	2161	5.61	11821	2351	5.03	11577	2665	4.34	11333	2979	3.80			

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

HC: Total heating capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)

Notes:

1.Integrated heating capacity values take account of capacity drops caused by frost accumulation and during defrosting.

Outdoor										L	.WT (°C)									
air temp.		30			35			40			45			50			55			60	
°C DB	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	СОР	HC	PI	COP	HC	PI	СОР
-25.0	8886	7322	1.21	8680	8019	1.08															
-20.0	11249	6302	1.79	10773	6901	1.56	10288	7500	1.37												
-15.0	17880	6930	2.58	17595	8523	2.06	16194	11075	1.46	14691	13737	1.07	14318	13687	1.05						
-10	22178	8749	2.53	21136	9400	2.25	20434	10862	1.88	19671	12377	1.59	18172	13423	1.35	14290	13635	1.05	10381	10223	1.02
-7.0	23940	9425	2.54	23261	9927	2.34	22977	10735	2.14	22659	11561	1.96	21508	11943	1.80	16540	13786	1.20	12228	11043	1.11
-5.0	24368	9278	2.63	23897	9874	2.42	23842	10779	2.21	23766	11708	2.03	22825	12188	1.87	18040	13480	1.34	13933	11348	1.23
-2.0	25011	9301	2.69	24851	9795	2.54	25138	10846	2.32	25427	11928	2.13	23246	12272	1.89	19934	12793	1.56	17952	12818	1.40
0	25440	8787	2.90	25487	9742	2.62	26003	10891	2.39	26534	12075	2.20	25278	12619	2.00	22724	13080	1.74	21611	13039	1.66
2	24994	8075	3.10	26021	9085	2.86	25959	10220	2.54	28191	12317	2.29	26388	11998	2.20	24651	12493	1.97	23085	11821	1.95
5	28738	8054	3.57	28531	8892	3.21	28875	9918	2.91	29219	10978	2.66	28825	11863	2.43	27846	13110	2.12	27000	13141	2.05
7.0	31177	8100	3.85	31754	9509	3.34	30825	9810	3.14	30992	11268	2.75	31077	12097	2.57	30563	13819	2.21	27332	12943	2.11
10	30030	7459	4.03	30099	8373	3.59	30837	9493	3.25	31579	10654	2.96	30903	11281	2.74	30172	11925	2.53	27033	11579	2.33
15.0	31835	7396	4.30	32695	8637	3.79	34334	10108	3.40	36014	11636	3.09	34020	11332	3.00	32585	11237	2.90	27197	9762	2.79
20.0	32636	7055	4.63	32977	8075	4.08	34150	9322	3.66	35340	10620	3.33	33608	10510	3.20	32477	10618	3.06	27137	9328	2.91
25.0	33876	6869	4.93	33763	7710	4.38	34535	8776	3.94	35302	9885	3.57	33766	9942	3.40	32877	10226	3.22	27519	9093	3.03
30.0	36747	7036	5.22	36198	7749	4.67	36587	8684	4.21	36947	9657	3.83	35488	9862	3.60	34721	10306	3.37	29225	9313	3.14
35.0	12696	1782	7.12	12405	1972	6.29	12113	2161	5.61	11821	2351	5.03	11577	2665	4.34	11333	2979	3.80			

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C) HC: Total heating capacity (W) PI: Power input (W)

Notes:

1. Integrated heating capacity values take account of capacity drops caused by frost accumulation and during defrosting.

4.2 Cooling Capacity Tables (Test standard: EN14511)

Table 2-4.9: MDVC-V18WD2BR8-A cooling capacity

Outdoor											L	.WT ((°C)											
air temp.		25			22			18			15			13			10			7			5	
°C DB	СС	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER
45	23005	5857	3.93	20981	5876	3.57	18282	5902	3.10	18000	6556	2.75	17038	6782	2.51	15520	6811	2.28	12938	6417	2.02	11216	6154	1.82
40	24236	5049	4.80	22408	5197	4.31	19972	5396	3.70	20088	6139	3.27	19344	6451	3.00	17784	6527	2.72	15016	6200	2.42	13170	5981	2.20
35	25466	4240	6.01	23836	4519	5.27	21661	4890	4.43	22176	5722	3.88	21649	6119	3.54	20048	6242	3.21	17093	5982	2.86	15123	5809	2.60
30	27199	3660	7.43	25360	3892	6.52	22907	4201	5.45	23324	4908	4.75	22675	5244	4.32	21450	5463	3.93	18808	5355	3.51	17047	5283	3.23
25	24799	2640	9.39	23043	2799	8.23	20702	3011	6.88	20525	3434	5.98	20738	3822	5.43	20836	4271	4.88	18712	4311	4.34	17296	4338	3.99
20	21499	2298	9.36	20033	2380	8.42	18080	2489	7.26	18196	2815	6.46	19360	3250	5.96	18221	3480	5.24	16337	3585	4.56	15081	3655	4.13
15	18256	1960	9.32	17061	1980	8.61	15467	2008	7.70	15858	2255	7.03	16470	2497	6.60	16373	2752	5.95	14780	2780	5.32	13717	2798	4.90
10	16075	1733	9.28	15066	1708	8.82	13722	1674	8.20	14303	1855	7.71	15052	2040	7.38	15171	2209	6.87						
5	14841	1446	10.26	13820	1436	9.62	12458	1423	8.76	11436	1413	8.10	13060	1707	7.65	13211	1894	6.97						
0	21194	1868	11.34	19619	1871	10.49	17519	1874	9.35	15944	1876	8.50	14894	1878	7.93	13319	1880	7.08						
-5	18573	3347	5.55	17370	3155	5.51	15767	2899	5.44	14565	2707	5.38	13763	2579	5.34	12561	2387	5.26						

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

CC: Total cooling capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)

Table 2-4.10: MDVC-V22WD2BR8-A cooling capacity

Outdoor											L	WT (°C)											
air temp.		25			22			18			15			13			10			7			5	
°C DB	CC	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER									
45	24059	5909	4.07	21857	5984	3.65	18920	6083	3.11	20753	7644	2.72	19982	8133	2.46	18394	8281	2.22	15755	8000	1.97	13996	7813	1.79
40	25547	5289	4.83	23508	5498	4.28	20790	5775	3.60	23278	7428	3.13	22791	8022	2.84	21085	8083	2.61	18179	7722	2.35	16242	7481	2.17
35	31695	5475	5.79	29498	5876	5.02	26568	6410	4.14	25804	7212	3.58	25600	7911	3.24	23775	7886	3.01	20873	7120	2.93	18938	6609	2.87
30	32805	4833	6.79	30457	5113	5.96	27325	5487	4.98	26491	6117	4.33	26249	6675	3.93	24797	6818	3.64	21925	6599	3.32	20011	6453	3.10
25	29567	3694	8.01	27392	3839	7.14	24491	4032	6.07	24706	4625	5.34	23846	4885	4.88	23026	5184	4.44	20716	5179	4.00	19176	5175	3.71
20	26423	3223	8.20	25189	3389	7.43	23542	3609	6.52	21581	3677	5.87	21775	3998	5.45	21025	4352	4.83	18773	4429	4.24	17272	4481	3.85
15	21288	2537	8.39	21105	2718	7.76	20861	2960	7.05	19239	2957	6.51	19671	3200	6.15	19292	3442	5.60	17399	3437	5.06	16138	3434	4.70
10	18223	2153	8.46	17097	2102	8.13	15597	2034	7.67	16079	2204	7.30	16770	2383	7.04	16794	2531	6.63						
5	14462	1734	8.34	13538	1686	8.03	12306	1622	7.59	13820	1911	7.23	14610	2093	6.98	14762	2241	6.59						
0	22126	2691	8.22	20667	2606	7.93	18721	2493	7.51	17261	2408	7.17	16288	2352	6.93	14829	2267	6.54						
-5	18833	3765	5.00	17543	3550	4.94	15824	3264	4.85	14535	3049	4.77	13675	2906	4.71	12386	2691	4.60						

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

CC: Total cooling capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)



Table 2-4.11: MDVC-V26WD2BR8-A cooling capacity

MDV thermal Arctic Mono

Outdoor												LW	Г (°С)											
air temp.		25			22			18			15			13			10			7			5	
°C DB	CC	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	С	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER
45	24292	5752	4.22	21983	5881	3.74	18905	6053	3.12	20603	7674	2.68	18692	7781	2.40	18066	8335	2.17	15882	8240	1.93	14426	8177	1.76
40	25992	5350	4.86	23808	5612	4.24	20896	5962	3.51	27746	9229	3.01	25587	9488	2.70	24434	9762	2.50	21497	9373	2.29	19538	9114	2.14
35	35332	6312	5.60	32705	6817	4.80	29201	7490	3.90	32319	9723	3.32	31530	10583	2.98	29357	10325	2.84	25843	9616	2.69	23500	9144	2.57
30	40671	6489	6.27	37606	6836	5.50	33520	7300	4.59	33500	8412	3.98	32673	9061	3.61	30755	9069	3.39	27417	8684	3.16	25192	8426	2.99
25	40988	5845	7.01	37863	5988	6.32	33697	6177	5.46	32181	6652	4.84	31488	7089	4.44	30023	7356	4.08	27059	7285	3.71	25083	7238	3.47
20	32833	4532	7.24	30492	4567	6.68	27372	4614	5.93	26646	4949	5.38	26499	5275	5.02	25220	5619	4.49	22426	5661	3.96	20564	5688	3.62
15	27030	3603	7.50	25242	3565	7.08	22858	3513	6.51	22690	3742	6.06	23700	4113	5.76	22264	4198	5.30	20063	4151	4.83	18596	4119	4.51
10	24482	3143	7.79	22993	3045	7.55	21008	2914	7.21	21146	3051	6.93	21614	3209	6.74	22006	3426	6.42						
5	18107	2600	6.96	17044	2489	6.85	15626	2342	6.67	16181	2479	6.53	16932	2637	6.42	17054	2729	6.25						
0	23803	3790	6.28	22456	3593	6.25	20661	3331	6.20	19315	3134	6.16	18417	3003	6.13	17071	2806	6.08						
-5	27668	2661	10.40	25774	2590	9.95	23248	2496	9.31	21354	2425	8.80	20091	2378	8.45	18197	2307	7.89						

Abbreviations:

LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

CC: Total cooling capacity (W)

PI: Power input (W)

Outdoo												LW	/T (°C)											
r air temp.		25			22			18			15			13			10			7			5	
°C DB	СС	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	CC	PI	EER	СС	PI	EER
45	2452 4	559 5	4.3 8	2210 9	577 8	3.8 3	1889	602 3	3.1	2045	7705	2.6 5	1845 4	7857	2.3 5	1819 7	8596	2.1	1640 3	8680	1.8 9	1520 6	8736	1.7 4
	2643	541	4.8	2410	_	12	2100	5 61/	3 /	2768	9586	-	•	0808	-	2462	1022	-	2208	9866	~	2039	9625	2.1
40	2043	0	4.0 9	8	6	4.2	2100	8	2	6	9380	2.0 9	3	5050	2.J 6	1	7	2.4	7	5800	4	2039	9025	2.1
	3437	618	5.5	3330	-	4.6	3188	-	3.6	3598	1159	3.1	3340	1210	-	3019	1121	2.6	2973	1270	2.3	2943	1369	2.1
35	9	0	6	8	0	0	1	3	8	1	1	0	1	7	6	4	4	9	6	5	4	1	9	5
	4157	711	5.8	3829	747	5.1	3391	794	4.2	3829	1038	3.6	3555	1067	3.3	3551	1116	3.1	3191	1059	3.0	2951	1021	2.8
30	9	8	4	5	4	2	7	9	7	3	0	9	7	7	3	2	9	8	1	3	1	1	0	9
25	4405	703	6.2	4058	712	5.7	3595	724	4.9	3654	8253	4.4	3545	8692	4.0	3368	8912	3.7	3041	8762	3.4	2823	8662	3.2
25	2	0	7	1	1	0	4	4	6	4		3	0		8	5		8	2		7	0		6
20	3876	592	6.5	3594	591	6.0	3218	590	5.4	3099	6223	4.9	3053	6544	4.6	3082	7350	4.1	2547	6850	3.7	2191	6516	3.3
20	5	5	4	4	6	8	3	4	5	3		8	5		7	5		9	9		2	5		6
15	3262	475	6.8	3045	467	6.5	2756	455	6.0	2621	4612	5.6	2626	4837	5.4	2529	5020	5.0	2277	4920	4.6	2109	4853	4.3
15	2	6	6	3	0	2	1	4	5	2		8	4		3	1		4	2		3	3		5
10	2877	398	7.2	2705	383		2475		6.8	2550	3859	6.6	2501	3869		2448	3929	6.2						
	9	4	2	5	4	6	7	5	1	2		1	1		6	1		3						
5	1957	316	6.2	1853	-		1714		5.9		2981		1848	3110		1867	3139	5.9						
-	7	0	0	5	3	4	5	7	4	2		4	8		4	4		5						
0	2417	442	5.4	2306			2158	413			3809		1973	3595		1862	3273							
	8	6	6	8	9	6	7	1	3	7		8	7		9	7		9						
-5	2857	406	7.0	2654			2383			2179	3225		2044	3057	6.6		2804	6.5						
J	8	7	3	4	5	6	2	8	5	8		6	2		9	8		6						

Table 2-4.11: MDVC-V30WD2BR8-A cooling capacity

Abbreviations:

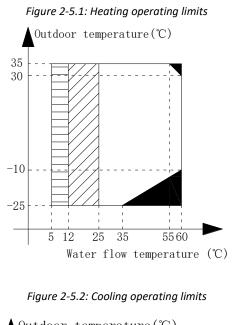
LWT: Leaving water temperature (°C)

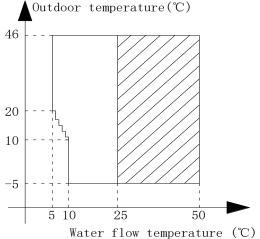
CC: Total cooling capacity (W)

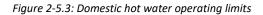
PI: Power input (W)

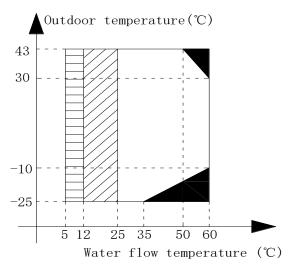


5 Operating Limits









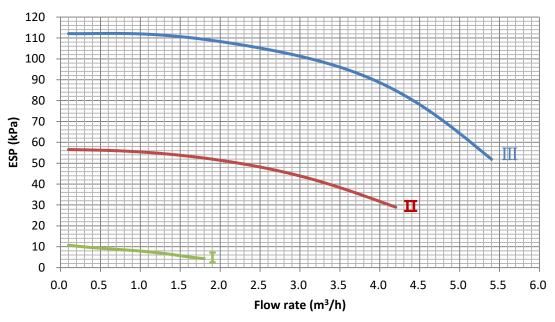
Notes:

- Shaded areas indicate no heat pump operation, IBH or AHS only.
- Shaded areas indicate water flow temperature drop or rise interval
- Bhaded areas indicates If IBH/AHS setting is valid, only IBH/AHS turns on. If IBH/AHS setting is invalid, only heat pump turns on.



6 Hydronic Performance

Figure 2-6.1: MDVC-V18(22,26,30)WD2BR8-A hydronic performance¹



Available external static presurre VS Flow rate

Abbreviations: ESP: External static pressure

Notes:

1. I, II and III indicate water pump speed:

I: Low

II: Medium

III: High.



7 Sound Levels

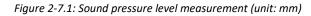
7.1 Overall

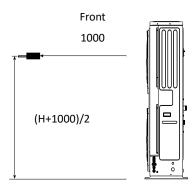
Table 2-7.1: Sound pressure levels¹

Model name	dB(A) ²
MDVC-V18WD2BR8-A	57.6
MDVC-V22WD2BR8-A	59.8
MDVC-V26WD2BR8-A	61.5
MDVC-V30WD2BR8-A	63.5

Notes:

Sound pressure level is measured at a position 1m in front of the unit and (1+H)/2m (where H is the height of the unit) above the floor in a semi-anechoic chamber. During in-situ operation, sound pressure levels may be higher as a result of ambient noise.



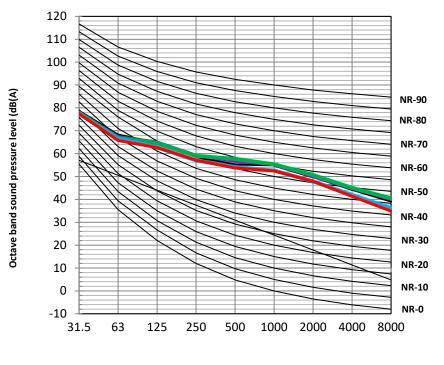


 dB(A) is the maximum value tested under the conditions below: Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 30°C, LWT 35°C. Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 47°C, LWT 55°C.



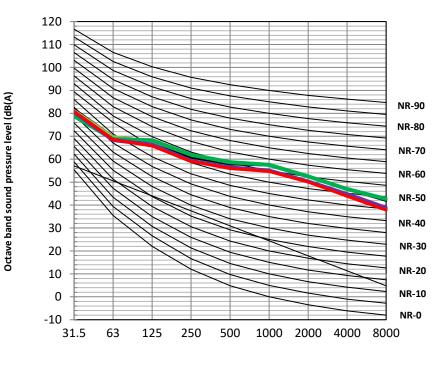
7.2 Octave Band Levels

Figure 2-7.2: MDVC-V18WD2BR8-A octave band levels



Octave band center frequency (Hz)

Figure 2-7.3: MDVC-V22WD2BR8-A octave band levels



Octave band center frequency (Hz)

MDV thermal Arctic Mono

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 30°C, LWT 35°C

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 40°C, LWT 45°

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 47°C, LWT 55°

Outdoor air temperature 35°C DB; EWT 12°C, LWT 7°C

Outdoor air temperature 35°C DB; EWT 23°C, LWT 18°C

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 30°C, LWT 35°C

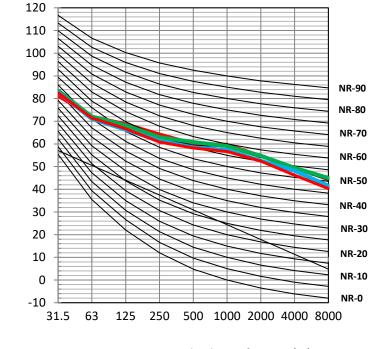
Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 40°C, LWT 45°

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 47°C, LWT 55°

Outdoor air temperature 35°C DB; EWT 12°C, LWT 7°C

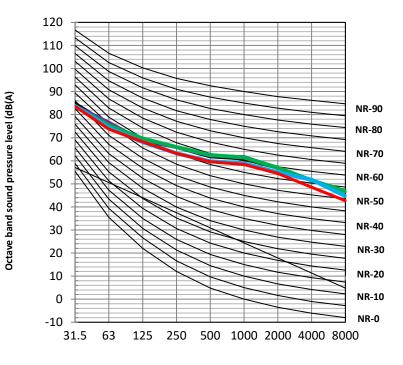
Outdoor air temperature 35°C DB; EWT 23°C, LWT 18°C

Figure 2-7.4: MDVC-V26WD2BR8-A octave band levels



Octave band center frequency (Hz)

Figure 2-7.5: MDVC-V30WD2BR8-A octave band levels



Octave band center frequency (Hz)

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 30°C, LWT 35°C

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 40°C, LWT 45°

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 47°C, LWT 55°

Outdoor air temperature 35°C DB; EWT 12°C, LWT 7°C

Outdoor air temperature 35°C DB; EWT 23°C, LWT 18°C

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 30°C, LWT 35°C

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 40°C, LWT 45°

Outdoor air temperature 7°C DB, 85% R.H.; EWT 47°C, LWT 55°

Outdoor air temperature 35°C DB; EWT 12°C, LWT 7°C

Outdoor air temperature 35°C DB; EWT 23°C, LWT 18°C

Octave band sound pressure level (dB(A)

32



8 Accessories

8.1 Standard accessories

Table 2-8.1: Standard accessories

Name	Shape	Quantity	Name	Shape	Quantity
Installation and owner's manual		1	Tighten belt for customer wiring use		2
Operation manual		1	Thermistor for domestic hot water tank(T5) *	\bigcirc	1
Technical data manual		1	Extension wire for T5		1
Y-shaped filter		1	Network matching wire*	ئےا	1
Water outlet connection pipe assembly		2	Adapter for inlet water pipe		1
Wired controller		1			

*Note:

When the units are connected in parallel, such as when the communication between the unit is unstable(such as Hd fault code), add a network matching wire between the ports H1 and H2 at the terminal of the communication system.

8.2 Optional Accessories

Table 2-8.2: Standard accessories

Name	Shape	Quantity		
Thermistor for balance tank(Tbt1)	\bigcirc	1	Extension wire for Tbt1	1
Thermistor for Zone 2 flow temp. (Tw2)	\bigcirc	1	Extension wire for Tw2	 1
Thermistor for solar temp. (Tsolar)	\bigcirc	1	Extension wire for Tsolar	 1

Note:

- 1. If the system is installed in parallel, Tbt1 must be connected and installed in the balance tank.
- 2. Sensor Tbt1, T5 and extension wire can be shared, sensors Tw2, Tsolar and extension wire can be shared. If these functions are needed at the same time, please customize these sensors and extension wire additionally.



M

Part 3 Installation and Field Settings

1	Preface to Part 3	. 36
2	Installation	. 37
3	Water Pipework	. 42
4	Electrical Wiring	. 46
5	DIP Switch Settings	. 48
6	Internal Circulation Pump Speed Settings	. 49
7	User Interface Field Settings	51
8	Operation parameter	. 70
9	Network Configuration Guidelines	71
10	USB function guidelines	. 77
11	Appendix	. 79
12	Error Code Table	. 82



1 Preface to Part 3

1.1 Notes for Installers Boxes

The information contained in this Engineering Data Book may primarily be of use during the system design stage of a MDV thermal Mono project. Additional important information which may primarily be of use during field installation has been placed in boxes, such as the example below, titled "Notes for installers".

Notes for installers



 Notes for installers boxes contain important information which may primarily be of use during field installation, rather than during desk-based system design.

1.2 Definitions

In this Engineering Data Book, the term "applicable legislation" refers to all national, local and other laws, standards, codes, rules, regulations and other legislation that apply in a given situation.

1.3 Precautions

All system installation including installation of water piping and electrical works must only be carried out by competent and suitably qualified, certified and accredited professionals and in accordance with all applicable legislation.



2 Installation

2.1 Acceptance and Unpacking

Notes for installers

- When units are delivered check whether any damage occurred during shipment. If there is damage to the surface or outside of a unit, submit a written report to the shipping company.
- Check that the model, specifications and quantity of the units delivered are as ordered.

X

X

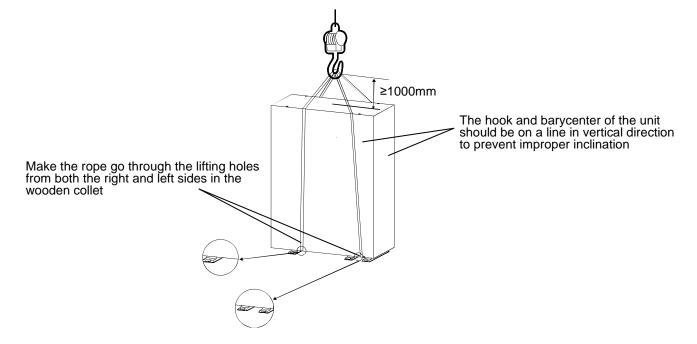
• Check that all accessories ordered have been included. Retain the Owner's Manual for future reference.

2.2 Hoisting

Notes for installers

- Do not remove any packaging before hoisting. If units are not packaged or if the packaging is damaged, use suitable boards or packing material to protect the units.
- Hoist one unit at a time, using two ropes to ensure stability.

Figure 3-2.1: Hosting the unit



2.3 Placement Considerations

Placement of the outdoor unit should take account of the following considerations:

- Outdoor units should not be exposed to direct radiation from a high-temperature heat source or a potentially explosive atmosphere. Outdoor units should be installed in positions that are as far as possible to the heat emitters.
- Outdoor units should not be installed in positions often used as a work space. In case of construction work (e.g. grinding etc.) where dust or dirt is created and it may affect heat exchangers.
- Outdoor units should not be installed in locations where exposure to oil or to corrosive or harmful gases, such as acidic or alkaline gases, may occur.
- Outdoor units should be installed in well-drained, well-ventilated positions.
- Outdoor units should be installed in positions that are sufficiently close to the desired position of the wired controller



that the controller's wiring length limitation will not be exceeded.

- In systems that are configured to heat domestic hot water and/or include an external backup electric heater, outdoor
 units should be installed in positions that are sufficiently close to the domestic hot water tank and/or backup electric
 heater that the piping and temperature sensor wiring length come within the allowable ranges.
- Outdoor units should be installed in locations where the noise from the unit will not disturb neighbors.
- Outdoor units should be installed in safe places which can bear the unit's weight and vibration and where the unit can be installed at an even level.
- Outdoor units should be installed in positions that there is no possibility of flammable gas or product leak.
- Outdoor units should be installed in positions where servicing space can be well ensured.
- Outdoor units should be installed in positions where rain can be avoided as much as possible.

Outdoor units should be installed in clean area in case of small animals making contact with electrical parts, which can cause malfunction, smoke or fire.

There is flammable refrigerant in the unit and it should be installed in a well-ventilated site. If the unit is installed inside, an additional refrigerant detection device and ventilation equipment must be added in accordance with the standard EN378.

Adequate measures should be adopted to prevent the unit from being used as a shelter by small animals.

2.4 Strong Wind Installation

Wind of 5m/s or more blowing against an outdoor unit's air outlet blocks the flow of air through the unit, leading to deterioration in unit capacity, accelerated frost accumulation when in heating mode or domestic hot water mode, and potential disruption to operation due to increased pressure in the refrigerant circuit. Exposure to very strong wind can also cause the fan to rotate excessively fast, potentially leading to damage to the fan. In locations where exposure to high winds may occur should take account of the following considerations:

- Set the outlet side at a right angle to the direction of the wind, refer to Figure 3-2.2. For installation of the outdoor unit in a place where the wind direction can be foreseen, refer to Figure 3-2.3 for installation of the unit.
- If turn the air outlet side toward the building's wall, fence or screen. Make sure there is enough room to do the installation

Figure 3-2.2: Strong wind installation direction

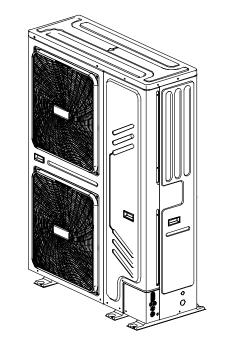
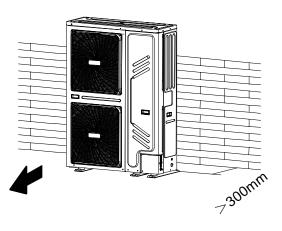


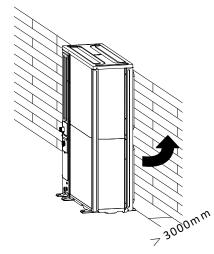




Figure 3-2.4: Snow shielding

Figure 3-2.3: Installation room illustration





2.5 Cold Climate Installation

In cold climate locations installation should take account of the following considerations:

- Never install the unit at a site where the suction side may be exposed directly to wind.
- To prevent exposure to wind, install a baffle plate on the air discharge side of the unit.
- To prevent exposure to wind, install the unit with its suction side facing the wall.
- In areas of heavy snowfall, a canopy should be installed to prevent snow entering the unit. Additionally, the height of the base structure should be increased so as to raise the unit further off the ground and make sure that the heat exchanger coil is not affected by the snow. Refer to Figure 3-2.4. Notes:

①Construct a large canopy.

2Construct a pedestal

Install the unit high enough off the ground to prevent it from being buried in snow

2.6 Hot Climate Installation

As the outdoor temperature is measured via the outdoor ambient temperature sensor, make sure to install the outdoor unit in the shade, or a canopy should be constructed to avoid direct sunlight. So that it is not influenced by the sun's heat, otherwise system protection may occur.

2.7 Base Structure

Outdoor unit base structure design should take account of the following considerations:

- A solid base prevents excess vibration and noise. Outdoor unit bases should be constructed on solid ground or on structures of sufficient strength to support the unit's weight.
- Bases should be at least 100mm high to provide sufficient drainage and to prevent water ingress into the base of the unit.
- Either steel or concrete bases may be suitable.
- Outdoor units should not be installed on supporting structures that could be damaged by water build-in in the event of a blocked drain.
- Fix the unit securely to foundation by means of the Φ10 expansion bolt. It is best to screw in the foundation bolts until their length is 20 mm from the foundation surface.

Part 3 - Installation and Field Settings

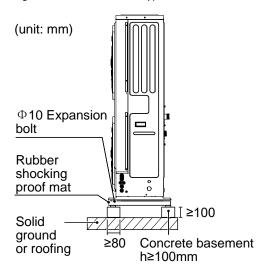
(1)

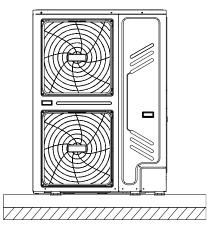
(2)

39



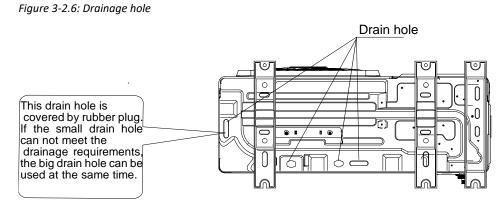
Figure 3-2.5: Outdoor unit typical concrete base structure design (unit: mm)





2.8 Drainage

Drainage ditch should be provided to allow drainage of condensate that may form on the air side heat exchanger when the unit is running in heating mode or domestic hot water mode. The drainage should ensure that condensate is directed away from roadways and footpaths, especially in locations where the climate is such that condensate may freeze.



2.9 Spacing

Outdoor units must be spaced such that sufficient air may flow through each unit. Sufficient airflow across heat exchangers is essential for outdoor units to function properly. For more details please refer to the figures below.

Figure 3-2.7: Single unit installation

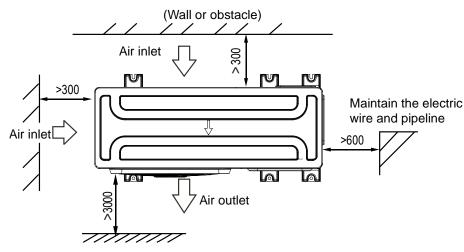




Figure 3-2.8: Parallel connect the two units or above

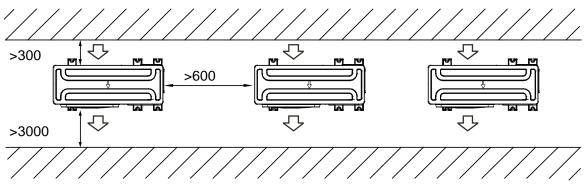
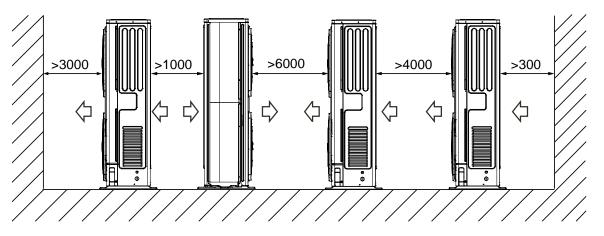


Figure 3-2.9: Parallel connect the front with rear sides





3 Water Pipework

3.1 Water Circuit Checks

MDV thermal Mono units are equipped with a water inlet and outlet for connection to a water circuit. MDV thermal Mono units should only be connected to closed water circuits. Connection to an open water circuit would lead to excessive corrosion of the water piping. Only materials complying with all applicable legislation should be used.

Before continuing installation of the unit, check the following:

- The maximum water pressure ≤ 3 bar.
- The maximum water temperature ≤ 70°C according to safety device setting.
- Always use materials that are compatible with the water used in the system and with the materials used in the unit.
- Ensure that components installed in the field piping can withstand the water pressure and temperature.
- Drain taps must be provided at all low points of the system to permit complete drainage of the circuit during maintenance.
- Air vents must be provided at all high points of the system. The vents should be located at points that are easily accessible for service. An automatic air purge is provided inside the unit. Check that this air purge valve is not tightened so that automatic release of air in the water circuit is possible.

3.2 Water Volume and Expansion Vessel Pre-pressure Checks

Outdoor units are equipped with an expansion vessel (8L) that has a default pre-pressure of 1.0 bar. To assure proper operation of the unit, the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel might need to be adjusted.

Installation height difference ¹	Water volume ≤230 L	Water volume >230 L
≤ 7 m	No pre-pressure adjustment required	Actions required: • Pre-pressure must be decreased, calculate according to "Calculating the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel" ² • Check if the water volume is lower than maximum allowed water volume (refer to Figure 3-3.1)
> 7 m	Actions required: • Pre-pressure must be increased, calculate according to "Calculating the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel" ² • Check if the water volume is lower than maximum allowed water volume (refer to Figure 3-3.1)	Expansion vessel in the outdoorunit too small for the system. An external expansion vessel (field suppied) is required.

Table 3-3.1: Expansion vessel pre-pressure adjustment

Notes:

1. Height difference is between the highest point of the water circuit and the outdoor unit's expansion tank. Unless the unit is located at the highest point of the system, in which case the installation height difference is considered to be zero.

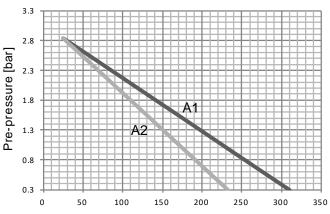
2. Calculating the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel:

The pre-pressure (Pg) to be set depends on the maximum installation height difference (H) and is calculated as Pg(bar)=(H(m)/10+0.3) bar



To determine the maximum allowed water volume in the entire circuit, proceed as follows:

Determine the calculated pre-pressure (Pg) for the corresponding maximum water volume using the Figure 3-3.1: *Maximum water volume*



A1: System without glycol A2: System with 25% propylene glycol

Pre-pressure = pre-pressure of the expansion vessel Maximum water volume = maximum water volume in the system

Check that the total water volume in the entire water circuit is lower than this value. If this is not the case, the expansion vessel inside the unit is too small for the installation.

Example 1

The unit is installed 5m below the highest point in the water circuit. The total water volume in the water circuit is 100 L. In this example, no action or adjustment is required.

Example 2

The unit is installed at the highest point in the water circuit. The total water volume in the water circuit is 250L. Result:

- Since 250 L is more than 230 L, the pre-pressure must be decreased.

- The required pre-pressure is: Pg(bar) = (H(m)/10+0.3) bar = (0/10+0.3) bar = 0.3 bar
- The corresponding maximum water volume can be read from the graph: approximately 310L.

- Since the total water volume (250L) is below the maximum water volume (310L), the expansion vessel suffices for the installation.

When it is required to change the default pre-pressure of the expansion vessel (1.0 bars), following guidelines:

- Use only dry nitrogen to set the expansion vessel pre-pressure.
- Inappropriate setting of the expansion vessel pre-pressure will lead to malfunctioning of the system. Pre-pressure should only be adjusted by a licensed installer.

If the expansion vessel of unit is too small for the installation, an additional expansion vessel is needed.

- Calculate the pre-pressure of the expansion vessel: Pg(bar) = (H(m)/10+0.3) bar
 The expansion vessel equipped in the unit should adjust the pre-pressure also.
- Calculate the volume needed of the additional expansion vessel: V1=0.0693*Vwater/(2.5-Pg)-V0
 Vwater: the volume of water in the system
 V0: the volume of expansion vessel which the unit is equipped (8L)

3.3 Water Circuit Connection

Water connections must be made correctly in accordance with the labels on the outdoor unit, with respect to the water inlet and water outlet. If air, moisture or dust gets in the water circuit, problems may occur. Therefore, always take into account the following when connecting the water circuit:

- Use clean pipes only.
- Hold the pipe end downwards when removing burrs



- Cover the pipe end when inserting it through a wall to prevent dust and dirt entering.
- Use a good thread sealant for sealing the connections. The sealing must be able to withstand the pressures and temperatures of the system.
- When using non-copper metallic piping, be sure to insulate the two kind of materials from each other to prevent galvanic corrosion.
- For copper is a soft material, use appropriate tools for connecting the water circuit. Inappropriate tools will cause damage to the pipes

3.4 Water Circuit Anti-freeze Protection

Ice formation can cause damage to the hydronic system. All internal hydronic parts are insulated to reduce heat loss. Insulation must also be added to the field piping.

- The software contains special functions using the heat pump to protect the entire system against freezing.
 When the temperature of the water flow in the system drops to a certain value, the unit will heat the water, either using the heat pump, or the backup heater. The freeze protection function will turn off only when the temperature increases to a certain value.
- In event of a power failure, the above features would not protect the unit from freezing.

Since a power failure could happen when the unit is unattended, the supplier recommends use anti-freeze fluid to the water system.

Depending on the expected lowest outdoor temperature, make sure the water system is filled with a concentration of glycol as mentioned in the table below. When glycol is added to the system, the freezing point of water will be lower and the performance of the unit will be affected. The correction factor of the unit capacity, flow rate and pressure drop of the system is listed in the table 3-3.2 and 3-3.3.

Concentration							
of ethylene	Cooling capacity	Power		Water flow	Minimum outdoor temperature(°C)		
glycol (%)	modification	modification	Water resistance	modification	temperature(C)		
0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0		
10	0.984	0.998	1.118	1.019	-5		
20	0.973	0.995	1.268	1.051	-15		
30	0.965	0.992	1.482	1.092	-25		

Table 3-3.2: Ethylene Glycol

Table 3-3.3: Propylene Glycol (including the necessary inhibitors, classified as C	Category III according to EN1717)
--	-----------------------------------

Concentration		Minimum outdoor			
of propylene glycol (%)	Cooling capacity modification	Power modification	Water resistance	Water flow modification	temperature (°C)
0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0
10	0.976	0.996	1.071	1.000	-4
20	0.961	0.992	1.189	1.016	-12
30	0.948	0.988	1.380	1.034	-20

Glycol absorbs water from its environment. Therefore do NOT add glycol that has been exposed to air. Leaving the cap off the glycol container causes the concentration of water to increase. The glycol concentration is then lower than assumed. As a result, the hydraulic components might freeze up after all. Take preventive actions to ensure a minimal exposure of the glycol to air.

Due to the presence of glycol, corrosion of the system is possible. Uninhibited glycol will turn acidic under the influence of oxygen. This process is accelerated by presence of copper and at higher temperatures. The acidic uninhibited glycol attacks metal surfaces and forms galvanic corrosion cells that cause severe damage to the system. It is of extreme importance:



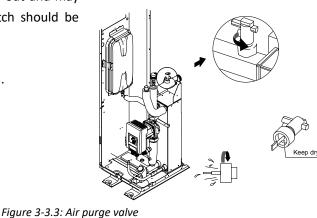
- That the water treatment is correctly executed by a qualified water specialist.
- That a glycol with corrosion inhibitors is selected to counteract acids formed by the oxidation of glycols.
- That in case of an installation with a domestic hot water tank, only the use of propylene glycol is allowed. If the system does NOT contain a domestic hot water tank, then you can use either propylene glycol or ethylene glycol;
- That no automotive glycol is used because their corrosion inhibitors have a limited lifetime and contain silicates that can foul or plug the system;
- That galvanized piping is not used in glycol systems since it may lead to the precipitation of certain elements in the glycol's corrosion inhibitor;
- To ensure that the glycol is compatible with the materials used in the system.
- Protection against bursting: the glycol will prevent the piping from bursting, but NOT the liquid inside the piping from freezing.
- Protection against freezing: the glycol will prevent the liquid inside the piping from freezing.
- The required concentration might differ depending on the type of glycol. ALWAYS compare the requirements from the table above with the specifications provided by the glycol manufacturer. If necessary, meet the requirements set by the glycol manufacturer.
- If the liquid in the system is frozen, the pump will NOT be able to start. Mind that if you only prevent the system from bursting, the liquid inside might still freeze.
- When water is at standstill inside the system, the system is very likely to freeze and get damaged.

3.5 Water Flow Switch

Water may enter into the flow switch and cannot be drained out and may freeze when the temperature is low enough. The flow switch should be removed and dried, then can be reinstalled in the unit.

Counterclockwise rotation, remove the water flow switch.

Figure 3-3.2: Water flow switch



3.6 Adding Water

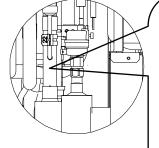
 Connect the water supply to the fill valve and open the valve.

Drying the water flow switch completely.

- Make sure the automatic air purge valve is open (at least 2 turns). Refer to Figure 3-3.3.
- Fill with water until the manometer indicates a pressure of approximately 2.0 bars. Remove air in the circuit as much as possible using the air purge valve. Air in the water circuit could lead to malfunction of the backup electric heater.

3.7 Water Piping Insulation

The complete water circuit including all piping, water piping must be insulated to prevent condensation during cooling operation and reduction of the heating and cooling capacity as well as prevention of freezing of the outside water piping during winter. The insulation material should at least of B1 fire resistance rating and complies with all applicable legislation. The thickness of the sealing materials must be at least 13mm with thermal conductivity 0.039W/mK in order to prevent freezing on the outside water piping. If the outdoor ambient temperature is higher than 30°C and the humidity is higher than RH 80%, the thickness of the sealing materials should be at least 20mm in order to avoid condensation on the surface of the seal.



Do not fasten the black plastic cover on the vent valve at the topside of the unit when the system is running. Open air purge valve, turn anticlockwise at least 2 full turn to release air from the system.



4 Electrical Wiring

4.1 General

Notes for installers

Caution

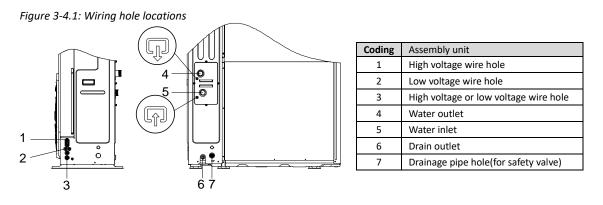
- All installation and wiring must be carried out by competent and suitably qualified, certified and accredited professionals and in accordance with all applicable legislation.
- Electrical systems should be grounded in accordance with all applicable legislation.

X

- Overcurrent circuit breakers and residual-current circuit breakers (ground fault circuit interrupters) should be used in accordance with all applicable legislation.
- Wiring patterns shown in this data book are general connection guides only and are not intended for, or to include all details for, any specific installation.
- The water piping, power wiring and communication wiring are typically run in parallel. However the communication wiring should not be bound together with power wiring. To prevent signal interference, the power wiring and communication wiring should not be run in the same conduit. If the power supply is less than 10A, a separation of at least 300mm between power wiring and communication wiring conduits should be maintained; if the power supply is in the range 10A to 50A then a separation of at least 500mm should be maintained.

4.2 Precautions

- Fix cables so that cables do not make contact with the pipes (especially on the high pressure side).
- Secure the electrical wiring with cable ties as shown in Figure 3-1.14 and Figure 3-1.15. So that it does not come in contact with the piping, particularly on the high-pressure side.



- Make sure no external pressure is applied to the terminal connectors.
- When installing the ground fault circuit interrupter make sure that it is compatible with the inverter (resistant to high frequency electrical noise) to avoid unnecessary opening of the ground fault circuit interrupter.
- This unit is equipped with an inverter. Installing a phase advancing capacitor not only reduce the power factor improvement effect, but also may cause abnormal heating of the capacitor due to high frequency waves. Never install a phase advancing capacitor as it could lead to an accident.

4.3 Guidance

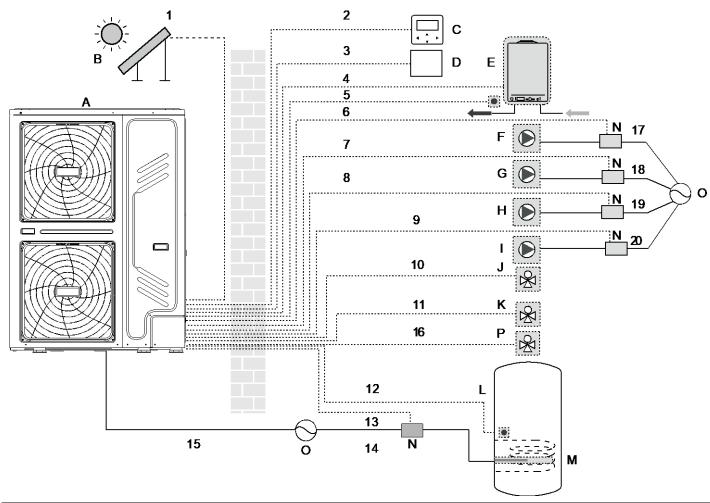
- Most field wiring on the unit is to be made on the terminal block inside the switch box. To gain access to the terminal block, remove the switch box service panel.
- Fix all cables using cable ties.



- A dedicated power circuit is required for the backup electric heater.
- Installation equipped with a domestic hot water tank (field supplied) requires a dedicated power circuit for the immersion heater.
- Lay out the electrical wiring so that the front cover does not rise up when doing wiring work and attach the front cover securely.
- Follow the electric wiring diagrams for electrical wiring works. Refer to Figure 2-4.1 in part 2, 4 "Wiring Diagram".
- Install the wires and fix the cover firmly so that the cover may be fit in properly.

4.4 Wiring Overview

Figure 3-4.2: Wiring overview



Legend			
Α	Outdoor unit	-	P_d: DHW pump (field supplied)
В	Solar panel (field supplied)	J	SV2: 3-way valve (field supplied)
С	Wired controller	К	SV1: 3-way valve for domestic hot water tank(field supplied)
D	Room thermostat (field supplied)	L	Domestic water tank (field supplied)
E	AHS (field supplied)	М	Booster heater (field supplied)
F	P_s: Solar pump (field supplied)	Ν	Contactor (field supplied)
G	P_c: Circulation pump / zone 2 pump (field supply)	0	Power supply
Н	P_o: Outside circulation pump / zone 1 pump (field supply)	Р	SV3: 3-way valve for Zone 2 (field supplied)



Table 3-4.1: Wiring requirements

Item	Description	Current	Required number of conductors	Maximum running current
1	Solar energy kit signal wire	AC	2	200mA
2	User interface wire	AC	5	200mA
3	Room thermostat wire	AC	2 or 3	200mAª
4	Boiler control wire	/	2	200mA
5	Temperature sensor wire for Tw2	DC	2	b
9	Control wire for DHW PUMP	AC	2	200mAª
10	Control wire for 3-way valve	AC	2 or 3	200mAª
11	Control wire for 3-way valve	AC	2 or 3	200mAª
12	Temperature sensor wire for T5	DC	2	b
13	Control wire for booster heater	AC	2	200mAª
15	Power supply wire for outdoor unit	AC	3+GND	C
16	Control wire for 3-way valve	AC	2 or 3	200mAª

Notes:

a. Minimum cable section AWG 18 (0.75mm²⁾

b. The temperature sensor wire (10m) are delivered with zone 2 outlet tem. Tw2 and domestic hot water tank T5.

c. See *Table 3-4.2* for details.

Table 3-4.2: Outdoor unit power supply

Unit	18kW	22kW	26kW	30kW
Maximum overcurrent protector(MOP)	18	21	24	28
Wiring size(mm ²)	6	6	6	6

5 DIP Switch Settings

DIP switch is located on the hydraulic module main control board and allows configuration of additional heating source thermistor installation, the second inner backup heater installation, etc.

Switch		ON=1	OFF=0	
S1	1	Reserved	Reserved	
	2	Reserved	Reserved	
	3/4	00=Without IBH and A 10=With IBH 01=With AHS for heat 11=With AHS for heat		
S2	1	Start pump o after 24 hours will be invalid	Start pump o after 24 hours will be valid	
Z 1 2 3 4	2	without TBH	with TBH	
	3/4	00=variable speed pump (Max head:8.5m) 01=constant speed pump 10=variable speed pump(Max head:10.5m) 11=variable speed pump(Max head:9m)		
S4 NO 1 2 3 4	1	Master unit: clear address of all slave units Slave unit: clear its own address	Keep the current address	
	2/3/4	Reserved		
S9 NO L H O	1/2	00=Slave unit 11=Master unit		



6 Internal Circulation Pump Speed Settings

The internal circulation pump speed can be selected by adjusting the red knob on the pump. The default factory setting is the highest speed (III). If the system water flow is too high, the pump speed can be set to medium (II) or low (I). The relationship between external static pressure and water flow rate is described in Part 2, 7 "Hydronic Performance".

Figure 3-6.1: Internal circulation pump



Figure 3-6.2: Faults with external interference sources

Faults	Causes	Remedy
Pump is not running although the power supply is switched on.	Electrical fuse defective.	Check fuses.
Black display.	Pump has no voltage	Restore power after interruption.
Pump is making noises.	Cavitation due to insufficient suction pressure.	Increase the system suction pressure within the permissible range.
		Check the delivery head setting and set to
		lower head if necessary.

Fault signals

- The fault signal is indicated by the LED display .
- The fault signal LED is continuously illuminated in red .
- The pump switches off (depending on the error code), and attempts a cyclical restart.(Specially, for Error code E10 (blocking): After approx. 10 minutes, the pump switches off permanently and displays the error code.)

Code No.	Fault	Cause	Remedy
E04	Mains undervoltage	Power supply too low on mains side	Check mains voltage
E05	Mains overvoltage	Power supply too high on mains	Check mains voltage
		side	
E09	Turbine operation	The pump is driven in reverse (the	Check flow, install non-return valves if
		fluid flows through the pump from	necessary
		the pressure to the suction side)	
E10	Blocking	The rotor is blocked	Request customer service
E21*	Overload	Sluggish motor	Request customer service
E23	Short-circuit	Motor current too high	Request customer service
E25	Contacting/winding	Motor winding defective	Request customer service
E30	Module overheated	Module interior too warm	Improve room ventilation, check
			operating conditions, request
			customer service, if necessary
E31	Overheated power section	Ambient temperature too high	Improve room ventilation, check
			operating conditions, request
			customer service, if necessary
E36	Electronic faults	Electronics defective	Request customer service

Part 3 - Installation and Field Settings



- Warning signals
 - The warning signal is indicated by the LED display.
 - The fault signal LED and the SSM relay do not respond.
 - The pump continues to run with limited output.
 - The indicated faulty operating status must not occur for a prolonged period. The cause must be eliminated.

Figure 3-6.4: Warning signals

Code No.	Fault	Cause	Remedy
E07	Generator operation	Pump hydraulics have fluid running	Check the system
		through them.	
E11	Dry running	Air in the pump	Check the water volume/ pressure
E21*	Overload	Sluggish motor, pump is operated	Check the ambient conditions
		outside of its specifications (e.g. high	
		module temperature). The speed is	
		lower than during normal operation.	

In addition to the LED display, the fault signal LED is continuously illuminated in red.

In order to ensure the service life of the pump, it is recommended that the unit run at least once every 2 weeks (ensure that the pump is running) or keep it powered on for a long time (in the power-on standby state, the unit will run the pump for 3 minutes every 6 hours)

*



7 User Interface Field Settings

7.1 Introduction

During installation, the MDV thermal Mono's settings and parameters should be configured by the installer to suit the installation configuration, climate conditions and end-user preferences. The relevant settings are accessible and programmable through the **FOR SERVICEMAN** menu on the MDV thermal Mono's user interface. The user interface menus and settings can be navigated using the user interface's touch-sensitive keys, as detailed in Table 3-7.1.

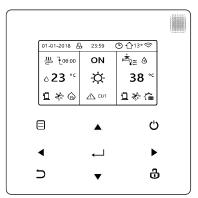


Figure 3-7.1: User interface

Table 3-7.1: User interface keys

Keys	Function	
	Go to the menu structure(on the home page)	
▲	Navigate the cursor on the display	
• •	Navigate in the menu structure	
▼	Adjust settings	
<u>ل</u>	Turn on/off the space heating/cooling operation or DHW mode	
Ŭ	Turn on/off functions in the menu structure	
c	Come back to the up level	
	Long press for unlock/lock the controller	
8	Unlock /lock some functions such as "DHW temperature	
	adjusting"	
	Go to the next step when programming a schedule in the menu	
← _	structure and confirm a selection to enter in the submenu of	
	the menu structure.	

7.2 Menu Structure



FOR SERVICEMAN
1 DHW MODE SETTING
2 COOL MODE SETTING
3 HEAT MODE SETTING
4 AUTO MODE SETTING
5 TEMP. TYPE SETTING
6 ROOM THERMOSTAT
7 OTHER HEATING SOURECE
8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING
9 SERVICE CALL
10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS
11TEST RUN
12 SPECIAL FUNCTION
13 AUTO RESTART
14 POWER INPUT LIMI
TATION
15 INPUT DEFINE
16 CASCADE SET
17 HMI ADDRESS SET

4 AUTO MODE SETTING 1.17 t 4.1 T4AUTOCMIN 1.18 t 4.2 T4AUTOHMAX 1.19 F 5 TEMP. TYPE SETTING 1.20 F 5.1 WATER FLOW TEMP. 3.1 HE 5.2 ROOM TEMP. 3.1 HE 5.3 DOUBLE ZONE 3.1 HE 3.1 OUBLE ZONE 3.1 HE 3.1 OUBLE ZONE 3.1 HE 3.1 T 3.3 T4 6 ROOM THERMOSTAT 3.6 dT 7.0 THER HEATING SOURCE 3.7 t_U 7.1 dT1_IBH_ON 3.9 T1 7.2 t_IBH_DELAY 3.11 T 7.4 dT1_AHS_ON 3.12 Z 7.5 t_AHS_OELAY 3.13 L 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 3.14 t 7.7 BH LOCATE 7.8 P_IBH1 7.9 P_IBH2 7.10 P_TBH 8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING 3.14 t 8.1 T1S_H.AH 8.2 TSS_H.ADHW 9 SERVICE CALL PHONE NO. MOBILE NO. 10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS 11 TEST RUN 12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 16 CA 15.1 MIN2 15.4 Tb11 15.2 SMART GRID 17 HM 15.3 TA <td< th=""><th>2 COOL MODE SETTING 2.1 COOL MODE 2.2 t_T4_FRESH_C 2.3 T4CMAX 2.4 T4CMIN 2.5 dT1SC 2.6 dTSC 2.7 t_INTERVAL_C 2.8 T1SetC1 2.9 T1SetC2 2.10 T4C1 2.11 T4C2 2.12 ZONE1 C-EMISSION 2.13 ZONE2 C-EMISSION</th><th>1.1 DF 1.2 DI 1.3 DF 1.4 DF 1.5 DF 1.6 dT 1.7 dT 1.8 T² 1.9 T² 1.10 t 1.11 c 1.12 T 1.13 t 1.15 t 1.16 t</th></td<>	2 COOL MODE SETTING 2.1 COOL MODE 2.2 t_T4_FRESH_C 2.3 T4CMAX 2.4 T4CMIN 2.5 dT1SC 2.6 dTSC 2.7 t_INTERVAL_C 2.8 T1SetC1 2.9 T1SetC2 2.10 T4C1 2.11 T4C2 2.12 ZONE1 C-EMISSION 2.13 ZONE2 C-EMISSION	1.1 DF 1.2 DI 1.3 DF 1.4 DF 1.5 DF 1.6 dT 1.7 dT 1.8 T ² 1.9 T ² 1.10 t 1.11 c 1.12 T 1.13 t 1.15 t 1.16 t
5.1 WATER FLOW TEMP. 3 HEA 5.2 ROOM TEMP. 3.1 HE 5.3 DOUBLE ZONE 3.2 t_1 3.3 T4 3.4 T4 3.4 T4 3.5 dT 6.1ROOM THERMOSTAT 3.6 dT 7.0 THER HEATING SOURCE 3.7 t_1 7.1 dT1_IBH_ON 3.9 T1 7.2 t_IBH_DELAY 3.10 T. 7.3 T4_IBH_ON 3.11 T. 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 3.13 Z 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 3.13 Z 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 3.13 Z 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 3.14 t_ 7.9 P_IBH2 3.10 T. 7.10 P_TBH 3.14 t_ 8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING 3.14 t_ 8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING 3.14 t_ 9 SERVICE CALL PHONE NO. MOBILE NO. 10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS 11 TEST RUN 12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 13 AUTO RESTART 13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 16 CA 15.1 M1M2 15.2 SMART GRID 15.2 SMART GRID 17 HM 15.3 Tw2 17.1 H 15.4 Tb11 17.1 H 15.5 Tb12 15.6 Ta <td>4.1 T4AUTOCMIN 4.2 T4AUTOHMAX</td> <td>1.18 t 1.19 F 1.20 F</td>	4.1 T4AUTOCMIN 4.2 T4AUTOHMAX	1.18 t 1.19 F 1.20 F
6 ROOM THERMOSTAT 3.5 dT 6.1ROOM THERMOSTAT 3.6 dT 7.0THER HEATING SOURCE 3.7 t_II 7.1 dT1_IBH_ON 3.7 t_II 7.2 t_IBH_DELAY 3.10 T 7.3 T4_IBH_ON 3.11 T 3.10 T 3.12 Z 3.5 t_AHS_ON 3.14 t_ 7.5 t_AHS_DELAY 3.13 Z 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 3.14 t_ 7.7 IBH LOCATE 3.14 t_ 7.8 P_IBH1 3.9 P_IBH2 7.10 P_TBH 3.14 t_ 8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING 3.14 t_ 8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING 3.14 t_ 9 SERVICE CALL PHONE NO. MOBILE NO. 10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS 11 TEST RUN 12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 13 AUTO RESTART 13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 13.2 DHW MODE 16 CA 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 16.1 P 15.1 M1M2 16.2 T 15.3 TW2 15.1 M1M2 15.4 Tot1 17.1 H 15.5 Tbt2 15.6 Ta 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 17.1 H 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE 17.1 H	5.1 WATER FLOW TEMP. 5.2 ROOM TEMP.	3.1 HE 3.2 t_T 3.3 T4
7 OTHER HEATING SOURCE 3.8 T1 7.1 dT1_IBH_ON 3.9 T1 7.2 t_IBH_DELAY 3.10 T 7.3 T4_IBH_ON 3.11 T 7.4 dT1_AHS_ON 3.12 Z 7.5 t_AHS_DELAY 3.13 Z 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 3.13 Z 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 3.14 t_ 7.7 IBH LOCATE 3.14 t_ 7.9 P_IBH2 3.14 t_ 7.10 P_TBH 3.11 ts_ 8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING 3.14 t_ 8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING 3.14 t_ 9 SERVICE CALL PHONE NO. MOBILE NO. 10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS 11 TEST RUN 12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 13 AUTO RESTART 13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 13.2 DHW MODE 16 CA 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 16.2 T 15.1 M1M2 16.3 A 15.2 SMART GRID 17 HM 15.3 Tw2 15.6 Ta 15.4 Tbt1 17.1 H 15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH 17.3 S 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 17.1 H 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE 17 HM		3.5 dT 3.6 dT
8.1 T1S_H.AH 8.2 T5S_H.ADHW 9 SERVICE CALL PHONE NO. MOBILE NO. 10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS 11 TEST RUN 12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 13 AUTO RESTART 13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 13.2 DHW MODE 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 14.1 POWER LIMITATION 15.1 M1M2 15.2 SMART GRID 15.3 Tw2 15.4 Tbt1 15.5 Tbt2 15.6 Ta 15.7 Ta-adj 15.8 SOLAR INPUT 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE	7.1 dT1_IBH_ON 7.2 t_IBH_DELAY 7.3 T4_IBH_ON 7.4 dT1_AHS_ON 7.5 t_AHS_DELAY 7.6 T4_AHS_ON 7.7 IBH LOCATE 7.8 P_IBH1 7.9 P_IBH2	3.8 T1 3.9 T1 3.10 T 3.11 T 3.12 Z 3.13 Z
PHONE NO. MOBILE NO. 10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS 11 TEST RUN 12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 13 AUTO RESTART 13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 13.2 DHW MODE 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 14.1 POWER LIMITATION 15.1 M1M2 15.2 SMART GRID 15.3 Tw2 15.4 Tbt1 15.5 Tbt2 15.6 Ta 15.7 Ta-adj 15.8 SOLAR INPUT 15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE	8.1 T1S_H.AH	
11 TEST RUN 12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 13 AUTO RESTART 13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 13.2 DHW MODE 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 14.1 POWER LIMITATION 15.1 M1M2 15.2 SMART GRID 15.4 Tbt1 15.5 Tbt2 15.6 Ta 15.7 Ta-adj 15.8 SOLAR INPUT 15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE	PHONE NO.	
12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 13 AUTO RESTART 13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 13.2 DHW MODE 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 14.1 POWER LIMITATION 15.1 M1M2 15.2 SMART GRID 15.4 Tbt1 15.5 Tbt2 15.6 Ta 15.7 Ta-adj 15.8 SOLAR INPUT 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE		
13 AUTO RESTART 13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 13.2 DHW MODE 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 14.1 POWER LIMITATION 15 INPUT DEFINE(M1M2) 15.1 M1M2 15.2 SMART GRID 15.3 Tw2 15.5 Tbt2 15.6 Ta 15.7 Ta-adj 15.8 SOLAR INPUT 15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE	11 TEST RUN	
13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE 13.2 DHW MODE 14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION 14.1 POWER LIMITATION 15.1 NPUT DEFINE(M1M2) 15.1 M1M2 15.2 SMART GRID 15.3 Tw2 15.4 Tbt1 15.6 Ta 15.7 Ta-adj 15.8 SOLAR INPUT 15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE	12 SPECIAL FUNCTION	
14.1 POWER LIMITATION 16.1 P 15 INPUT DEFINE(M1M2) 16.1 P 15.1 M1M2 16.3 A 15.2 SMART GRID 17 HM 15.3 Tw2 17.1 H 15.4 Tbt1 17.2 H 15.5 Tbt2 17.3 S 15.6 Ta 17.3 S 15.7 Ta-adj 17.3 S 15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE 17.1 P	13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE	
15 INPUT DEFINE(M1M2) 16.3 A 15.1 M1M2 17 HM 15.2 SMART GRID 17 HM 15.3 Tw2 17.1 H 15.4 Tbt1 17.2 H 15.5 Tbt2 17.3 S 15.6 Ta 17.3 S 15.8 SOLAR INPUT 15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE		16.1 P
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15.1 M1M2 15.2 SMART GRID 15.3 Tw2 15.4 Tbt1 15.5 Tbt2 15.6 Ta 15.7 Ta-adj 15.8 SOLAR INPUT 15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH 15.10 RT/Ta_PCB 15.11 PUMP_I SILENT MODE	16.3 A 17 HM 17.1 H 17.2 H

HW MODE ISINFECT HW PRIORITY HW PUMP_D HW PRIORITY TIME SET T5_ON T1S5 4DHWMAX 4DHWMIN t_INTERVAL_DHW dT5_TBH_OFF T4_TBH_ON t_TBH_DELAY T5S_DISINFECT L_DI_HIGHTEMP ______ __DI__MAX _DHWHP_MAX PUMP_D TIMER PUMP_D RUNNING TIME PUMP_D DISINFECT RUN AT MODE SETTING EAT MODE T4_FRESH_H HMAX 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1SH SH INTERVAL_H SetH1 SetH2 4H1 4H2 ONE1 H-EMISSION ONE2 H-EMISSION _DELAY_PUMP

1 DHW MODE SETTING

16 CASCADE SET 16.1 PER_START 16.2 TIME_ADJUST 16.3 ADDRESS RESET

17 HMI ADDRESS SET 17.1 HMI SET 17.2 HMI ADDRESS FOR BMS 17.3 STOP BIT



7.3 FOR SERVICEMAN Menu

FOR SERVICEMAN allows installers to input the system configuration and set the system parameters. To enter **FOR SERVICEMAN**, go to **MENU** > **FOR SERVICEMAN**.

Enter the password, using \blacktriangleleft \blacktriangleright to navigate between digits and using \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle to adjust the numerical values, and then press **OK**. The password is 234. Refer to Figure 3-7.2

Then the following pages will be displayed after putting the password. Refer to Figure 3-7.3

Figure 3-7.3: FOR SERVICEMAN menu

MDV thermal Arctic Mono

Figure 3-7.2: FOR SERVICEMAN password screen

FOR SE RVICEMAN		
Please input password:		
2 3 4		
🗖 ENTER 🕴 AQUIST 🛛 🗣	_	
	J	

FOR SERVICEMAN 1/3	FOR SERVICEMAN 2/3	FOR SERVICEMAN 3/3
1. DHW MODE SETTING	7. OTHER HEATING SOURCE	13. AUTO RESTART
2. COOL MODE SETTING	8. HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING	14. POWER INPUT LIMITATION
3. HEAT MODE SETTING	9. SERVICE CALL SETTING	15. INPUT DEFINE
4. AUTO MODE SETTING	10. RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS	16. CASCADE SET
5. TEMP.TYPE SETTING	11. TEST RUN	17. HMI ADDRESS SET
6. ROOM THERMOSTAT	12. SPECIAL FUNCTION	
ENTER 😝	ENTER	ENTER F

7.4 DHW MODE SETTING Menu

7.4.1 DHW MODE SETTING menu overview

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > DHW MODE SETTING

		Tigure 5-7.4. DITW WODE SETT	ino menu		
1 DHW MODE SETTING	1/5	1 DHW MODE SETTING	2/5	1 DHW MODE SETTING	3/5
1.1 DHW MODE	YES	1.6 dT5_ON	5 °C	1.11 dT5_TBH_OFF	5 °C
1.2 DISINFECT	YES	1.7 dT1S5	10°C	1.12 T4_TBH_ON	<u>5</u> °C
1.3 DHW PRIORITY	YES	1.8 T4DHWMAX	43°C	1.13 t_TBH_DELAY	30 MIN
1.4 DHW PUMP_D	YES	1.9 T4DHWMIN	-10°C	1.14 T5S_DISINFECT	65°C
1.5 DHW PRIORITY TIME SET	NON	1.10 t_INTERVAL_DHW	5 MIN	1.15 t_DI_HIGHTEMP.	15MIN
♦ ADJUST		ADJUST		ADJUST	<₽
1 DHW MODE SETTING	4/5	1 DHW MODE SETTING	5/5		
1.16 t_DI_MAX	210 MIN	1.21 PUMP_D DISINFECT RUN	NON		
1.17 t_DHWHP_RESTRICT	30 MIN				
1.18 t_DHWHP_MAX	120 MIN				
1.19 PUMP_D TIMER	YES				
1.20 PUMP_D RUNNING TIME	5 MIN				
ADJUST		ADJUST			

Figure 3-7.4: DHW MODE SETTING menu

In DHW MODE SETTING the following parameters should be set.

DHW MODE enables or disables DHW mode. For installations with DHW tanks, select **YES** to enable DHW mode. For installations without DHW tanks, select **NON** to disable DHW mode.

DISINFECT sets whether or not the disinfection operation is performed.

DHW PRIORITY sets whether domestic hot water heating or space heating/cooling takes priority. If **NON** is selected in the **DHW PRIORITY** mode, when it is available and the space heating/cooling is **OFF**, the heat pump will heat the water as required. If space heating/cooling is **ON**, the water will be heated as required when the immersion heater is unavailable.

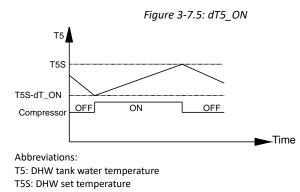
Only when the space heating/cooling is OFF will the heat pump operate to heat domestic water.

DHW PUMP_D sets whether or not the DHW pump is controlled by the MDV thermal Mono unit. If the DHW pump is to be controlled by the MDV thermal Mono, select **YES**. If the DHW pump is not to be controlled by the MDV thermal Mono unit, select **NON**.

DHW PUMP PRIORITY TIME SET set the operation time of DHW during DHW PRIORITY mode.

dT5_ON sets the temperature difference between the DHW set temperature (T5S) and the DHW tank water temperature (T5) above which the heat pump providing heated water to the DHW tank. When T5S - T5 \geq dT5_ON the heat pump providing heated water to the DHW tank.

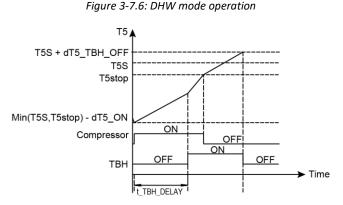
Note: When the heat pump's leaving water temperature is above the DHW mode leaving water temperature operating limit (T5stop), the heat pump does not provide heated water to the DHW tank. The DHW mode leaving water temperature operating limit is related to ambient temperature as shown in Figure 2-6.3 in Part 2, 6 "Operating Limits".



dT1S5 sets the heat pump's leaving water set temperature

(T1S) relative to DHW tank water temperature (T5). For DHW mode, the user sets the DHW set temperature (T5S) on the main screen and cannot manually set T1S. T1S is set as T1S = T5 + dT1S5.

Figure 3-7.6 illustrates the operation of the heat pump and immersion heater(optional) in DHW mode. If the DHW tank water temperature (T5) is less than the minimum of the DHW set temperature operating limit (T5stop) (refer to Figure 2-6.3 in Part 2, 6 "Operating Limits") less **dT5_ON**, the heat pump starts providing heated water to the DHW tank. After **t_TBH_delay** minutes have elapsed, the immersion heater is turned on. If T5 reaches T5stop, the heat pump stops but the immersion heater continues running until T5 has reached T5S + **dT5_TBH_OFF**



Abbreviations: T5: DHW tank water temperature T5S: DHW set temperature T5stop: DHW mode leaving water temperature operating limit TBH: Immersion heater in DHW tank

T4DHWMAX sets the ambient temperature above which the heat pump will not operate in DHW mode. The highest value that **T4DHWMAX** can take is 43°C, which is the DHW mode upper ambient temperature operating limit of the heat pump.

T4DHWMIN sets the ambient temperature below which the heat pump will not operate in DHW mode. The lowest value that **T4DHWMIN** can take is -25°C, which is the DHW mode lower ambient temperature operating limit of the heat pump.

Figure 3-7.7: T4DHWMAX and T4DHWMIN



Abreviations: HP: Heat pump TBH: DWH tank immersion heater AHS: Additional heating source

temperature "Operating Lin **dT1S5** sets th (T1S) relative main screen a Figure 3-7.6 i immersion he water temper set temperature Part 2, 6 "Operation of the set and the set temperature



t_INTERVAL_DHW sets the DHW mode compressor re-start delay. When the compressor stops running, it will not re-start until at least t_INTERVAL_DHW minutes have elapsed.

dT5_TBH_OFF sets the temperature difference between the DHW set temperature (T5S) and the DHW tank water temperature (T5) below which the immersion is not used. When T5 \geq Min(T5S+dT5 TBH OFF, 65°C), the immersion heater is off.

T4 TBH ON sets the ambient temperature above which the immersion heater will not be used.

t_TBH_DELAY sets the delay between the compressor starting and the immersion heater being turned on.

T5S DISINFECT sets the DHW tank disinfection operation target temperature. Caution: during the disinfection operation (duration: t_DI_MAX) the domestic hot water temperature at the hot water taps will at times be equal to the value set for T5S DI.

t_DI_HIGHTEMP sets that length of time that the DHW tank disinfection operation target temperature is maintained.

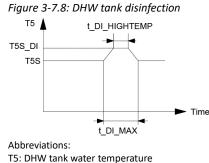
t_DHWHP_RESTRICT sets the maximum length of time that the heat pump will

run in space heating or space cooling modes before switching to DHW mode, if a

requirement for DHW mode exists. When running in space heating mode or space

cooling mode, the heat pump becomes available for DHW mode either as soon as

t DI MAX sets the total duration of the DHW tank disinfect operation.

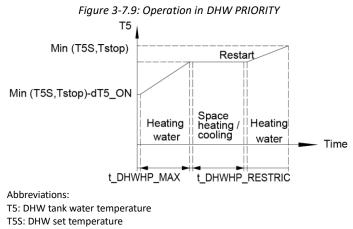


T5: DHW tank water temperature T5S: DHW set temperature

the space heating/cooling set temperatures have been reached (refer to Part 3, 7.5 "COOL MODE SETTING Menu" and Part 3, 7.6 "HEAT MODE SETTING Menu") or after t_DHWHP_MAX minutes have elapsed.

t DHWHP MAX sets the maximum length of time that the heat pump will run in DWH mode before switching to space heating mode or space cooling mode if a requirement for space heating/cooling modes exists. When running in DHW mode, the heat pump becomes available for space heating/cooling either as soon as the DHW tank water temperature (T5) reaches the DHW set temperature (T5S) or after t_DHWHP_MAX minutes have elapsed.

Figure 3-7.9 illustrates the effects of t DHWHP MAX and t DHWHP RESTRICT when DHW PRIORITY is enabled. The heat pump initially runs in DWH mode. After t_DHWHP_MAX minutes, T5 has not reached



T5stop: DHW mode leaving water temperature operating limit

PUMP_D TIMER sets whether or not the user is able to set the DHW pump (field supply) in DHW mode. For installations with a DHW pump, select ON so that the user is able to set pump start times.

PUMP_D RUNNING TIME sets the length of time the pump runs for at each of the user-specified start times on the **DHW PUMP** tab on the **DOMESTIC HOT WATER (DHW)** menu, if **TIMER RUNNING** is enabled.

PUMP_D DISINFECT RUN sets wether or not the DHW pump (field supply) operates during the disinfection mode.

7.5 COOL MODE SETTING Menu

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > COOL MODE SETTING

2 COOL MODE SETTING	1/3	2 COOL MODE SETTING	2/3	2 COOL MODE SETTING	3/3
2.1 COOL MODE	YES	2.6 dTSC	2 °C	2.11 T4C2	25°C
2.2 t_T4_FRESH_C	2.0HRS	2.7 t_INTERVAL_C	5MIN	2.12 ZONE1 C-EMISSION	FCU
2.3 T4CMAX	43°C	2.8 T1SetC1	10°C	2.13 ZONE2 C-EMISSION	FLH
2.4 T4CMIN	20°C	2.9 T1SetC2	16°C		
2.5 dT1SC	5°C	2.10 T4C1	35°C		
ADJUST		ADJUST		ADJUST	

Figure 3-7.10: COOL MODE SETTING menu

In COOL MODE SETTING the following parameters should be set.

COOL MODE enables or disables cooling mode. For installations with space cooling terminals, select **YES** to enable cooling mode. For installations without space cooling terminals, select **NON** to disable cooling mode.

t_T4_FRESH_C sets the refresh time of cooling model climate temperature curve.

T4CMAX sets the ambient temperature above which the heat pump will operate in cooling mode with lowest compressor frequency. The highest value that **T4CMAX** can take is 46°C, which is the cooling mode upper ambient temperature operating limit of the heat pump. Refer to Figure 3-7.11.

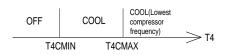
T4CMIN sets the ambient temperature below which the heat pump will not operate in cooling mode. The lowest value that **T4CMIN** can take is -5°C, which

is the cooling mode lower ambient temperature operating limit of the heat pump. Refer to Figure 3-7.11.

dT1SC sets the minimum temperature difference between the heat pump leaving water temperature (T1) and the heat pump leaving water set temperature (T1S) at which the heat pump provides chilled water to the space cooling terminals. When T1 – T1S \geq dT1SC the heat pump provides chilled water to the space cooling terminals and when T1 \leq T1S the heat pump does not provide chilled water to the space cooling terminals.

dTSC sets the temperature difference between the actual room temperature (Ta) and set room temperature (TS) above which the heat pump provides chilled water to the space cooling terminals. When Ta – TS \geq dTSC the heat pump provides chilled water to the space cooling terminals and when Ta \leq TS the heat pump does not provide chilled water to the space cooling terminals. Refer to

Figure 3-7.11: T4CMAX, T4CMIN



Abreviations: T4: Outdoor ambient temperature

Figur	re 3-7.12: dT1SC	
T1S+c	dT1SC	
OFF	COOL	— T1

Abreviations:

T1: Heat pump leaving water temperature T1S: Heat pump leaving water set temperature

Figur	e 3-7.13: dTSC	
TS+	dTSC	
OFF	COOL	• To

Figure 3-7.13. dTSC is only applicable if YES is selected for ROOM TEMP in the TEMP. TYPE SETTING menu. Refer to Part 3,

7.8 "TEMP. TYPE SETTING Menu".

t_INTERVAL_C sets the cooling mode compressor re-start delay. When the compressor stops running, it will not re-start until at least t_INTERVAL_C minutes have elapsed.

T1SetC1 sets the temperature 1 of automatic setting curve for cooling mode.

T1SetC2 sets the temperature 2 of automatic setting curve for cooling mode.

T4C1 sets the ambient temperature 1 of automatic setting curve for cooling mode.

T4C2 sets the ambient temperature 2 of automatic setting curve for cooling mode.

ZONE1 C-EMISSION sets the emission type of zone1 for cooling mode.

ZONE2 C-EMISSION sets the emission type of zone2 for cooling mode.

7.6 HEAT MODE SETTING Menu

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > HEAT MODE SETTING

Figure 3-7.14: HEAT MODE SETTING menu

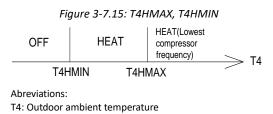
3 HEAT MODE SETTING	1/3	3 HEAT MODE SETTING	2/3	3 HEAT MODE SETTING	3/3 7°C
3.1 HEAT MODE	YES	3.6 dTSH	2°C	3.11 T4H2	
3.2 t_T4_FRESH_H	2.0HRS	3.7 t_INTERVAL_H	5MIN	3.12 ZONE1 H-EMISSION	RAD.
3.3 T4HMAX	16°C	3.8 T1SetH1	35°C	3.13 ZONE2 H-EMISSION	FLH
3.4 T4HMIN	-15°C	3.9 T1SetH2	28°C	3.14 t_DELAY_PUMP	2MIN
3.5 dT1SH	5°C	3.10 T4H1	-5°C		
ADJUST		ADJUST		ADJUST	

In HEAT MODE SETTING the following parameters should be set.

HEAT MODE enables or disables heating mode.

t_T4_FRESH_H sets the refresh time of heating model climate temperature curve.

T4HMAX sets the ambient temperature above which the heat pump will operate heating mode with lowest compressor frequency. The highest value that **T4HMAX** can take is 35°C, which is the heating mode upper ambient temperature operating limit of the heat pump. Refer to Figure 3-7.15.



T4HMIN sets the ambient temperature below which the heat pump will not operate in heating mode. The lowest value that **T4CMIN** can take is -25°C, which is the heating mode lower ambient temperature operating limit of the heat pump. Refer to Figure 3-7.15.

dT1SH sets the temperature difference between the heat pump leaving water temperature (T1) and the heat pump leaving water set temperature (T1S) above which the heat pump provides heated water to the space heating terminals.

Figur	e 3-7.16: dTSH	
TS+d	TSH	
HEAT	OFF	Та

Only when ROOM TEMP is enabled will this function be available

dTSH sets the temperature difference between the actual room temperature (Ta) and set room temperature (TS) above which the heat pump provides heated water to the space heating terminals. When $TS - Ta \ge dTSH$ the heat pump provides heated water to the space heating terminals and when $Ta \ge TS$ the heat pump does not provide heated water to the space heating terminals. Refer to Figure 3-7.16. **dTSH** is only relevant if **YES** is selected for **ROOM TEMP** in the **TEMP. TYPE SETTING** menu. Refer to Part 3, 7.8 "TEMP. TYPE SETTING Menu".

t_INTERVAL_H sets the heating mode compressor re-start delay. When the compressor stops running, it will not re-start until at least **t_INTERVAL_H** minutes have elapsed.

T1SetH1 sets the temperature 1 of automatic setting curve for heating mode.

T1SetH2 sets the temperature 2 of automatic setting curve for heating mode.

T4H1 sets the ambient temperature 1 of automatic setting curve for heating mode.

T4H2 sets the ambient temperature 2 of automatic setting curve for heating mode.

ZONE1 H-EMISSION sets the emission type for heating mode.

ZONE2 H-EMISSION sets the emission type for heating mode.

7.7 AUTO MODE SETTING Menu MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > AUTO MODE SETTING

In AUTO MODE SETTING the following parameters should be set.

T4AUTOCMIN sets the ambient temperature below which the heat pump will not provide chilled water for space cooling in auto mode. Refer to Figure 3-7.18.

T4AUTOHMAX sets the ambient temperature above which the heat pump will not provide heated water for space heating in auto mode. Refer to Figure 3-7.18.

Figure 3-7.18: T4AUTOCMAX, T4AUTOCMIN

Heat mode by IBH or AHS	Heat mode by heat pump	OFF	COOL	OFF T4	
T4HM	IN T4AUTOH	IMAX T4AUTO	DCMIN T40	CMAX	

Abreviations: HP: Heat pump AHS: Additional heating source IBH: Backup electric heater T4CMAX: The ambient temperature above which the heat pump will not operate in cooling mode. T4HMIN: The ambient temperature below which the heat pump will not operate in heating mode.

AUTO MOD AUTOCMIN t provide ch

MDV thermal Arctic Mono Engineering Data Book

Figure 3-7.17: AUTO MODE SETTING menu

4 AUTO. MODE SETTING	
4.1 T4AUTOCMIN	25°C
4.2 T4AUTOHMAX	17°C
ADJUST	

TEMP. TYPE SETTING Menu 7.8

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > TEMP. TYPE SETTING

The TEMP. TYPE SETTING is used for selecting whether the water flow temperature or room temperature is used to control the ON/OFF of the heat pump.

When ROOM TEMP. is enabled, the target water flow temperature will be calculated from climate-related curves (refer to "9 Climate related curves").

For installations without room thermostats, space heating and cooling modes can be controlled in one of two different ways:

- according to the MDV thermal Mono's leaving water temperature alone
- according to the room temperature detected by the MDV thermal Split user interface's built-in temperature sensor alone

WATER FLOW TEMP. sets whether space heating/cooling modes are controlled according to the MDV thermal Mono's leaving water temperature. If YES is selected, the user is able to set the MDV thermal Mono unit's leaving water temperature set temperature on the user interface's main screen.



Figure 3-7.20: Only set WATER FLOW TEMP to YES

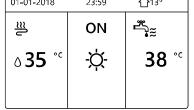


Figure 3-7.21: Only set ROOM TEMP to YES

23:59

ON

-Ò⁄-

介13℃

38

r∰,≋

01-01-2018

25,**0**°°

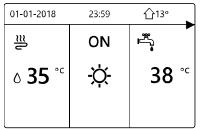
ROOM TEMP. sets whether space heating/cooling modes are controlled according to the room temperature detected by the temperature sensor in the MDV thermal Mono user interface. If YES is selected, the user is able to set the room temperature set temperature on the user interface's main screen, no matter what is the setting of WATER FLOW TEMP.

DOUBLE ZONE sets whether there are two zones.

If set WATER FLOW TEMP. and ROOM TEMP. to YES, meanwhile set DOUBLE ZONE

to NON or YES, the following pages will be displayed. In this case, the setting value of zone 1 is T1S, the setting value of zone 2 is TS(The corresponding TIS2 is calculated according to the climate related curves.)

Figure 3-7.22: DOUBLE ZONE to NON or YES



01-01-2018 23:59 介13° ON <u>ළ</u>, **25.0**°° -Ò-

Homepage (zone 1)

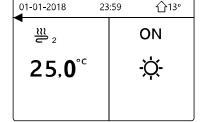
Addition page (zone 2) (Double zone is effective)

If set DOUBLE ZONE to YES and set ROOM TEMP. to NON, meanwhile set WATER FLOW TEMP. to YES or NON, the following

Figure 3-7.19: TEMP. TYPE SETTING menu

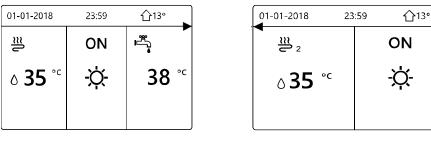
MDV thermal Arctic Mono

5 TEMP. TYPE SETTING	
5.1 WATER FLOW TEMP.	YES
5.2 ROOM TEMP.	NON
5.3 DOUBLE ZONE	NON
ADJUST	



pages will be displayed. In this case, the setting value of zone 1 is T1S, the setting value of zone 2 is T1S2.

Figure 3-7.23: DOUBLE ZONE to YES and set ROOM TEMP. to NON meanwhile set WATER FLOW TEMP. to YES or NON

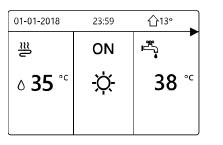


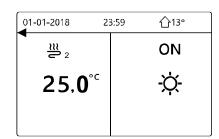
Homepage (zone 1)

Addition page (zone 2)

If set DOUBLE ZONE and ROOM TEMP. to YES, meanwhile set WATER FLOW TEMP. to YES or NON, the following page will be displayed. In this case, the setting value of zone 1 is T1S, the setting value of zone 2 is TS (The corresponding TIS2 is calculated according to the climate related curves.)

Figure 3-7.24: DOUBLE ZONE and set ROOM TEMP. to YES meanwhile set WATER FLOW TEMP. to YES or NON





Homepage (zone 1)

Addition page (zone 2) (Double zone is effective)

7.9 ROOM THERMOSTAT Menu MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > ROOM THERMOSTAT

As an alternative to controlling space heating/cooling modes according the MDV thermal Mono unit's leaving water temperature and/or the room temperature detected by the temperature sensor in the MDV thermal Mono user interface, separate room thermostat can be installed and used to control space heating/cooling modes.

Figure 3-7.25: ROOM THERMOSTAT menu

6 ROOM THERMOSTAT	
6.1 ROOM THERMOSTAT	NON
ADJUST	

In **ROOM THERMOSTAT** the following parameters should be set.

ROOM THERMOSTAT sets whether or not room thermostats are installed. For installations with room thermostats, select **YES**. For installations without room thermostats, select **NON**.

ROOM THERMOSTAT = NON: No room thermostat.

ROOM THERMOSTAT = MODE SET: Room thermostat can control heating and cooling individually.

ROOM THERMOSTAT=ONE ZONE: Room thermostat provides the switch signal to unit.

ROOM THERMOSTAT=DOUBLE ZONE: Indoor unit is connected with two room thermostat.

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > OTHER HEATING SOURCE

Figure 3-7.26: OTHER HEATING SOURCE menu

7 OTHER HEATING SOU	JRCE 1/2	7 OTHER HEATING	SOURCE 2/2
7.1 dT1_IBH_ON	5°C	7.6 T4_AHS_ON	-5°C
7.2 t_IBH_DELAY	30MIN	7.7 IBH LOCATE	PIPE LOOP
7.3 T4_IBH_ON	-5°C	7.8 P_IBH1	0.0kW
7.4 dT1_AHS_ON	5°C	7.9 P_IBH2	0.0kW
7.5 t_AHS_DELAY	30MIN	7.10 P_TBH	2.0kW
ADJUST		ADJUST	

In OTHER HEATING SOURCE the following parameters should be set. Backup electric heater is optional.

dT1_IBH_ON sets the temperature difference between the heat pump's leaving water set temperature (T1S) and the heat pump's leaving water temperature (T1) above which the backup electric heater heating element(s) are on. When T1S - T1 \geq dT1_IBH_ON the backup electric heater is on (on models where the backup electric heater has a simple on/off control function).

t_IBH_DELAY sets the delay between the compressor starting and the backup electric heater being turned on.

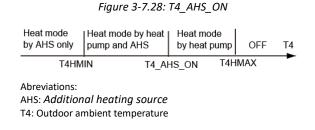
T4_IBH_ON sets the ambient temperature below which the backup electric heater is used. If the ambient temperature is above **T4_IBH_ON**, the backup electric heater is not used. The relationship between operation of the backup heater and the ambient is shown in Figure 3-7.22.

	Figure 3-7.27:	T4_IBH_C	DN	
Heat mode by IBH only	Heat mode by heat pump and IBH	Heat m		OFF
T4HN	IIN T4_I	BH_ON	T4HMA	AX T4
Abreviations: T4: Outdoor am IBH: Backup elec	bient temperature ctric heater			

dT1_ASH_ON sets the temperature difference between the heat pump's leaving water set temperature (T1S) and the heat pump's leaving water temperature (T1) above which the additional heating source is on. When T1S - T1 \geq dT1_AHS_ON the additional heating source is on.

t_ASH_DELAY sets the delay between the compressor starting and the additional heating source being turned on.

T4_AHS_ON sets the ambient temperature below which the additional heating source is used. If the ambient temperature is above **T4_ASH_ON**, the additional heating source is not used. The relationship between operation of the additional heating source and the ambient is shown in the picture below.



IBH LOCATE means IBH is installed for pipe heating.

P_IBH1, P_IBH2 set heating capacity of IBH and P_TBH sets heating capacity of TBH, which are used for energy consumption statistics.

7.11 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING Menu MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING

The **HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING** menu settings are used to set the outlet water temperature to prevent water pipes freezing when away from home in cold weather seasons. In **HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING** the following parameters should be set.

T1S_H.A._H sets the heat pump's leaving water set temperature for space heating mode when in holiday away mode.

T5S_H.M_DHW sets the heat pump's leaving water set temperature for DHW mode when in holiday away mode.

7.12 SERVICE CALL Menu

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > SERVICE CALL

In SERVICE CALL the following parameters can be set.

PHONE NO. and **MOBILE NO.** can be used to set after-sales service contact numbers. If set, these numbers are displayed to users in **MENU** > **FOR SERVICEMAN** > **SERVICE CALL**

Use \checkmark **\land** to adjust the numerical values. The maximum length of the phone numbers is 14 digits.

The black rectangle found between 0 and 9 when scrolling up and down using $\checkmark \blacktriangle$ is converted to a blank space when the phone numbers are displayed to users in **MENU** > **FOR SERVICEMAN** > **SERVICE CALL** and can be used for phone numbers less than 14 digits in length.

7.13 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS

RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS is used to restore all the parameters set in the user interface to their factory defaults.

On selecting **YES**, the process of restoring all settings to their factory defaults begins and progress is displayed as a percentage.

(10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS)	10 RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS
All the settings will come back to factory default. Do you want to restore factory settings?	Please wait 5%
NO YES	

Figure 3-7.31: RESTORE FACTORY SETTINGS screens

Figure 3-7.29: HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING menu

8 HOLIDAY AWAY SETTING	
8.1 T1S_H.AH	20°C
8.2 T5S_H.ADHW	20°C
ADJUST	

Figure 3-7.30: SERVICE CALL menu

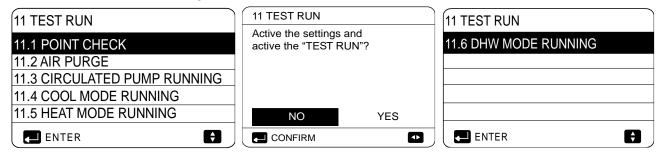
9 SERVICE CALL SETTING	
PHONE NO. ******************	
MOBILE NO. *****************	
CONFIRM 🖨 ADJUST	





TEST RUN is used to check that the valves, air purge function, circulation pump, space cooling mode, space heating mode and DHW mode are all operating correctly.

Figure 3-7.32:	TEST RUN	start screen	and TEST	RUN menu
riguic 5 7.52.	ILSI NON	Sturt Streen	unu iesi	non menu



During test run, all buttons except OK are invalid. If you want to turn off the test run, please press OK. For example, when the unit is in air purge mode, after you press OK, the following page will be displayed:

Figure 3-7.33: Exi	t air purge screen
11 TEST RUN	
Do you want to turr (AIR PURGE)functi	
NO	YES

∢►

CONFIRM

7.14.2 POINT CHECK menu **MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > TEST RUN > POINT CHECK**

The **POINT CHECK** menu is used to check the operation of individual components. Use ▼▲ to scroll to the components you want to check and press ON/OFF to toggle the on/off state of the component. If a valve does not turn on/off when its on/off state is toggled or if a pump/heater does not operate when turned on, check the component's connection to the hydronic system main PCB.

Figure 3-7.34:	POINT CHECK menu
----------------	------------------

11 TEST RUN	1/2	11 TEST RUN	2/2
3WAY-VALVE 1	OFF	PUMPSOLAR	OFF
3WAY-VALVE 2	OFF	PUMPDHW	OFF
PUMP_I	OFF	INNER BACKUP HEATER	OFF
PUMP O	OFF	TANK HEATER	OFF
PUMP_C	OFF	3-WAY VALVE 3	OFF
ON/OFF		ON/OFF	ŧ

7.14.3 AIR PURGE operation

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > TEST RUN > AIR PURGE

Once installation is complete it is important to run the air purge function to remove any air which may be present in the water piping and which could cause malfunctions during operation.

The **AIR PURGE** operation is used to remove air from the water piping. Before running AIR PURGE mode, make sure that the air purge valve is open. When the air purge operation starts, SV1 valve opens and SV2 valve closes. 60 secs later the pump in the unit (PUMPI) operates for 10min during which the flow switch does not work. After the pump stops, SV1 valve closes and SV2 valve opens. 60 secs later both PUMPI and PUMPO operate until the next command is received. If any error code is displayed during the air purge operation, the cause should be investigated. Refer to Part 3, 10 "Error Code table".

7.14.4 CIRCULATION PUMP RUNNING operation MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > TEST RUN > CIRCULATION PUMP RUNNING

The **CIRCULATION PUMP RUNNING** operation is used to check the operation of the circulation pump. When the circulation pump running operation starts, all running components stop. 60 secs later, the 3-way valve opens and the 3-way valve closes. After a further 60 secs PUMPI starts. 30 seconds later, if the flow switch detects that the water flow is normal, PUMPI operates for 3 mins. After the pump stops 60s, the 3-way

valve closes and the 3-way valve opens. 60s later both PUMI and PUMPO will operate. After a further 2 mins the flow switch start to check the water flow. If the water flow rate is sufficient, both PUMPI and PUMPO operate until the next command is received. If the water flow rate is insufficient over any 15-second period, PUMPI and PUMPO stop and error code E8 is displayed. Refer to Part 3, 10 "Error Code table".

7.14.5 COOL MODE RUNNING operation MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > TEST RUN > COOL MODE RUNNING

The **COOL MODE RUNNING** operation is used to check the operation of the system in space cooling mode.

During the **COOL MODE RUNNING** operation, the MDV thermal Mono unit leaving water set temperature is 7°C. The current actual leaving water temperature is displayed on the user interface. The unit operates until the leaving water temperature drops to the set temperature or the next command is received.

If any error code is displayed during the cool mode running operation, the cause should be investigated. Refer to Part 3, 10 "Error Code table".

Figure 3-7.35: AIR PURGE operation

11 TEST RUN	
Test run is on. Air purge is on.	

Figure 3-7.36:	CIRCULATION PUMP	RUNNING display

11 TEST RUN	
Test run is on. Circulated pump is on.	
	_

Figure 3-7.37: COOL MODE RUNNING display

Leaving water temperature is

11 TEST RUN Test run is on.

Cool mode is on.

15°C.

Figure 3-7.38: HEAT MODE RUNNING display

7.14.6 HEAT MODE RUNNING operation

The **HEAT MODE RUNNING** operation is used to check the operation of the system in space heating mode.

During the **HEAT MODE RUNNING** operation the MDV thermal Split unit leaving water set temperature is 35°C. The current actual leaving water temperature is displayed on the user interface. When the **HEAT MODE RUNNING** operation starts, the heat pump first runs for 10 mins.

After 10 mins:

- On systems where an auxiliary heat source (AHS) is installed, the AHS starts and runs for 10 mins (whilst the heat pump continues running), after which the AHS stops and the heat pump continues to operate until the water temperature rises to the set temperature or the heat mode running operation is exited by pressing **OK**.
- On systems where a backup electric heater is being used, the backup heater turn on (on models where the backup heater has a simple on/off control function). 3 mins later the backup electric heater will turn off. The heat pump will then operate until the water temperature rises to the set temperature or the next command is received.
- On systems with no auxiliary heat source (AHS), the heat pump will then operate until the water temperature rises to the set temperature or the next command is received.

If any error code is displayed during the cool mode running operation, the cause should be investigated. Refer to Part 3, 8.2 "Error Code table".

7.14.7 DHW MODE RUNNING operation

The **DHW MODE RUNNING** operation is used to check the operation of the system in DHW mode.

During the **DHW MODE RUNNING** operation, the DHW set temperature is 55°C. On systems where a tank boost heater is installed, the tank boost heater will turn on once the heat pump has run for 10 mins. The tank boost heater will turn off 3 mins later and the heat pump will operate until the water temperature rises to the set temperature or the **next command is received.**

11 TEST RUN
Test run is on. DHW mode is on. Water flow temper. is 45°C Water tank temper. is 30°C

Figure 3-7.39: DHW MODE RUNNING display

11 TEST RUN
Test run is on. Heat mode is on. Leaving water temperature is 15°C.

CONFIRM

7.15 SPECIAL FUNCTION 7.15.1 SPECIAL FUNCTION menu overview MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > SPECIAL FUNCTION

SPECIAL FUNCTION is used to pre-heating floor and drying up floor once installation is complete or the first time start up the unit or restart the unit after a long time stop.

7.15.2 PREHEATING FOR FLOOR MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > SPECIAL FUNCTION > PREHEATING FOR FLOOR

Before floor heating, if a large amount of water remains on the floor, the floor may be warped or even rupture during floor heating operation, in order to protect the floor, floor drying is necessary, during which the temperature of the floor should be increased gradually.

During first operation of the unit, air may remain in the water system which can cause malfunctions during operation. It is necessary to run the air purge function to release the air (make sure the air purge valve is open).

T1S sets the heat pump's leaving water set temperature in preheating for floor mode.

t_fristFH sets the duration of preheating for floor mode.

The operation of the unit during preheating for floor mode is illustrated in Figure 3-7.37.

t interval H

Abreviations: t_interval_H: Compressor re-start delay in space heating mode. (Refer to Part 3, 8.6 "HEAT MODE SETTING Menu").

t firstFH

Whilst the preheating for floor operation is running, the number of minutes that it has been running for and the heat pump's leaving water temperature are displayed on the user interface. During the preheating for floor operation all buttons except **OK** are inactivated. To exit the preheating for floor operation, press **OK** and then select **YES** when prompted. Refer to Figure 3-7.38.

12 SPECIAL FUN ACTIVE THE SETTIN "SPECIAL FUNCTION	GS AND ACTIVE THE	12 SPECIAL FUNCTION 12.1 PREHEATING FOR FLOOR 12.2 FLOOR DRYING UP		
NO	YES			
CONFIRM		ENTER 😝		

Figure 3-7.41: Preheating for floor menu

30°C

72 HOURS

EXIT

12.1 PREHEATING FOR FLOOR

T1S

t fristFH

f

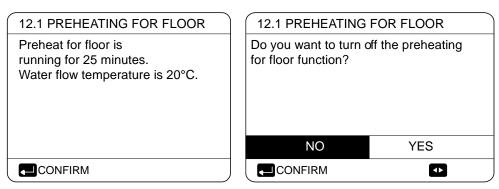
ENTER

ADJUST

3



Figure 3-7.43: Preheating for floor screens



7.15.3 FLOOR DRYING UP

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > SPECIAL FUNCTION > FLOOR **DRYING UP**

For newly-installed under-floor heating systems, floor drying up mode can be used to remove moisture from the floor slab and subfloor to prevent warping or rupture of the floor during floor heating operation. There are three phases to the floor drying up operation:

- Phase 1: gradual temperature increase from a starting point of 25°C to the peak temperature
- Phase 2: maintain peak temperature
- Phase 3: gradual temperature decrease from the peak temperature to 45°C

WARM UP TIME(t_DRYUP) sets the duration of Phase 1.

KEEP TIME(t_HIGHPEAK) sets the duration of Phase 2.

TEMP. DOWN TIME(t_DRYDOWN) is the duration of Phase 3.

PEAK TEMP.(T_DRYPEAK) sets the heat pump's leaving water set temperature for Phase 2.

START TIME sets the floor drying up operation start time.

START DATE sets the floor drying up operation start date.

The heat pump's leaving water set temperature during the floor drying up operation is illustrated in Figure 3-7.40.

During the floor drying up operation all buttons except **OK** are inactivated. To exit the floor drying up operation, press **OK** and then select YES when prompted.

Note: In the event of a heat pump malfunction, floor drying up mode will continue if a backup electric heater and/or additional heating source is available and configured to support space heating mode.

12.2 FLOOR DRYING UP 1/2 12.2 FLOOR DRYING UP WARM UP TIME(t DRYUP) 8 days START DATE 01-01-2019 **KEEP TIME(t HIGHPEAK)** 5 days

Figure 3-7.44: FLOOR DRYING UP menu

TEMP. DOWN TIME(t_DRYDOWN) 5 days PEAK TEMP.(T DRYPEAK) 45°C START TIME 15:00 ENTER FXIT + ADJUST • + ADJUST •

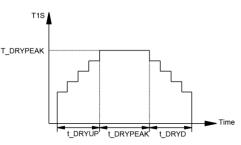


Figure 3-7.45: FLOOR DRYING UP settings

2/2

7.16 AUTO RESTART

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > AUTO RESTART

AUTO RESTART sets whether or not the unit re-applies the user interface settings when the power returns following a power failure. Select **YES** to enable auto restart or **NON** to disable auto restart.

If the auto restart function is enabled, when the power returns following a power failure, the unit re-applies the user interface settings from before the power failure. If the auto restart function is disabled, when the power returns after a power failure, the unit won't auto restart.

7.17 POWER INPUT LIMITATION MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > POWER INPUT LIMITATION

POWER INPUT LIMITATION sets the type of power input limitation and the setting range is 0-8. If the unit will operate at larger power input, 0 should be selected. If the unit will operate at a lower power input, 1-8 should be selected and the power input and capacity will decrease.

Figure 3-7.49: Limitation value (unit:A)

Model No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
18kW	18	18	17	16	15	14	13	12.5	12
22kW	21	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14
26kW	24	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17
30kW	28	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21

7.18 INPUT DEFINE

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > INPUT DEFINE

Figure 3-7.50: INPUT DEFINE

15 INPUT DEFINE		15 INPUT DEFINE	
15.1 M1M2	REMOTE	15.6 Ta	HMI
15.2 SMART GRID	NON	15.7 Ta-adj	-2°C
15.3 Tw2	NON	15.8 SOLAR INPUT	NON
15.4 Tbt1	NON	15.9 F-PIPE LENGTH	<1 0m
15.5 Tbt2	NON	15.10 RT/Ta_PCB	NON
ADJUST		ADJUST	

NON
DEFROST

INPUT DEFINE sets sensors and functions to fulfill with installation.

M1M2 sets the control function of M1M2 for remote ON/OFF of unit or AHS or TBH

SMART GRID sets whether SMART GRID control signal is connected to hydronic PCB.

Tw2 sets whether T1b sensor exist in the installation.

Tbt1 set whether balance tank temperature sensors are installed in the balance tank. (Tbt1 sensor, individually purchase;Tbt2, reserved)

Ta sets the Ta sensor connection type (HMI: Ta on wired controller; IDU: Ta connected on hydronic PCB) **Ta-adj** is an correction value for Ta.

SOLAR INPUT sets whether solar control signal is connected to hydronic PCB. (0=NON; 1=CN18; Tsolar 2=CN11SL1SL2)

Figure 3-7.47: AUTO RESTART menu

13 AUTO RESTART	
13.1 COOL/HEAT MODE	YES
13.2 DHW MODE	NON
ADJUST	

Figure 3-7.48: POWER INPUT LIMITATION menu

14 POWER INPUT LIMITATION	
14.1 POWER INPUT LIMITATION	0
Absost	





F-PIPE LENGTH sets the length of refrigerant pipes between outdoor unit and indoor unit.

RT/Ta_PCB sets whether M-kit is valid.

Pump silent mode can decrease water pump maximum output by 5% in order to decrease the noise of heat pump.

DFT1/DFT2 sets DFT1 and DFT2 port of the hydro module as DEFROST or Alarm(ALARM function can be valid only with IDU software version higher than V99)

7.19 CASCADE SET

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > CASCADE SET

Figure 3-7.51:CASCADE SET

16 CASCADE SET	
16.1 PER_START	20%
16.2 TIME_ADJUST	5 MIN
16.3 ADDRESS RESET	FF
ADJUST	

PER_START sets the start-up percentage of multiple units for the first time start-up after power on. For example:

Total units	PER_START	Starting units
6	50%	3
6	30%	2

TIME_ADJUST sets the judgment period of adding and subtracting units

ADDRESS RESET resets the address code of unit.("FF" is an invalid address code.) Normally, program will set the address for each unit automatically, only when unit lost address and Hd error code appears then we need to use this function. After setting the address, you need to press the "UNLOCK" key to confirm.

7.20 HMI ADDRESS SET

MENU > FOR SERVICEMAN > HMI ADDRESS SET

Figure 3-7.52: HMI ADDRESS SET

17 HMI ADDRESS SET	
17.1 HMI SET	MASTER
17.2 HMI ADDRESS FOR BMS	1
17.3 STOP BIT	1

HMI SET sets the wired controller is master or slave. (0=MASTER, 1=SLAVE)

When HMI SET is set to SLAVE, the controller can only switch the operation mode, turn on or off, set the temperature, and cannot set other parameters and functions.

HMI ADDRESS FOR BMS sets the HMI address code for BMS.(only valid for master controller)

The **STOP BIT** of wired controller and upper computer software should be the same to ensure the reliability of data transformation.



8 Operation parameter

MENU > OPERATION PARAMETER

This menu is for installer or service engineer reviewing the operation parameters. There are nine pages for the operating parameter as following

Figure 3-9.1: Operation parameter

OPERATION PARAMETER	#01
ONLINE UNITS NUMBER	1
OPERATE MODE	COOL
SV1 STATE	ON
SV2 STATE	OFF
SV3 STATE	OFF
PUMP_I	ON
▲ ADDRESS	1/9 🖨

OPERATION PARAMETER	#01
PUMP-O	OFF
PUMP-C	OFF
PUMP-S	OFF
PUMP-D	OFF
PIPE BACKUP HEATER	OFF
TANK BACKUP HEATER	ON
▲ ADDRESS	2/9 🖨

OPERATION PARAMETER	#01
GAS BOILER	OFF
T1 LEAVING WATER TEMP.	35°C
WATER FLOW	1.72m 3/h
HEAT PUMP CAPACTIY	11.52kW
POWER CONSUM.	1000kWh
Ta ROOM TEMP	25°C
▲ ADDRESS	3/9 🖨

OPERATION PARAMETER	#01
T5 WATER TANK TEMP.	53°C
Tw2 CIRCUIT2 WATER TEMP.	35°C
TIS' C1 CLIMATE CURVE TEMP	2. 35°C
TIS2' C2 CLIMATE CURVE TEM	P. 35°C
TW_O PLATE W-OUTLET TEMP	9. 35°C
TW_I PLATE W-OUTLET TEMP.	30°C
ADDRESS	4/9 🖨

OPERATION PARAMETER	#01
Tbt1 BUFFERTANK_UP TEMP.	35°C
Tbt2 BUFFERTANK_LOW TEMP	. 35°C
Tsolar	25°C
IDU SOFTWARE 01-09-20)19V01
▲ ADDRESS	5/9 🖨

OPERATION PARAMETER	#01
FAN SPEED	600R/MIN
IDU TARGET FREQUENCY	46Hz
FREQUENCY LIMITED TYP	E 5
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	230V
DC GENERATRIX VOLTAG	E 420V
DC GENERATRIX CURREN	IT 18A
▲ ADDRESS	7/9 🖨

OPERATION PARAMETER	#01
TW_O PLATE W-OUTLET TEMP	P. 35°C
TW_I PLATE W-INLET TEMP.	30°C
T2 PLATE F-OUT TEMP.	35°C
T2B PLATE F-IN TEMP.	35°C
Th COMP. SUCTION TEMP.	5°C
Tp COMP. DISCHARGE TEMP.	75°C
• ADDRESS	8/9 🖨

OPERATION PARAMETER	#01
ODU MODEL	6kW
COMP.CURRENT	12A
COMP.FREQENCY	24Hz
COMP.RUN TIME	54 MIN
COMP.TOTAL RUN TIME	1000Hrs
EXPANSION VALVE	200P
▲ ADDRESS	6/9 🖨

OPERATION PARAMET	TER #01
T3 OUTDOOR EXCHAP	RGE TEMP. 5°C
T4 OUTDOOR AIR TEN	/IP. 5°C
TF MODULE TEMP.	55°C
P1 COMP. PRESSURE	2300kPa
ODU SOFTWARE	01-09-2018V01
HMI SOFTWARE	01-09-2018V01
▲ ADDRESS	9/9 🖨



9 Network Configuration Guidelines

The wired controller realizes intelligent control with a built-in WIFI module, which receives control signal from the APP. Before connecting the WLAN, please check for it if the router in your environment is active and make sure that the wired controller is well-connected to the wireless signal. When the product is connected to the network, please make sure that the phone is as close as possible to the product. Midea only supports 2.4GHz band routers at present. Special characters (punctuation, spaces, etc.) are not recommended as part of the WLAN name. It is recommended that you connect no more than 10 devices to a single router lest home appliances are affected by weak or unstable network signal. If the password of the router or WLAN is changed, clear all settings and reset the appliance. APP interface changes from time to time as APP is updated and may change slightly vary from those in this document.

9.1 Install APP

Scan the following QR code or research "Comfort Home" in APP STORE or GOOGLE PLAY to install the APP.



9.2 Sign in

••••I Sketch 🗢 9:41 AM 🗱 100% 💻	How to take the next step?
Please input your registration code Once entered,the registration code cannot be changed without reinstalling the app	Method 1: Scan the register QR code*, the register code appears and enter to the SIGN IN interface automatically.
	*Note: The register QR code location is to be selected by the customer before the heat pump product is ordered. Please scan the QR code from the respective location.
Input the register code or scan the register code	 Method 2: Input the register code and press OK.

MDV thermal Arctic Mono 9:41 AM

Uesrname or E-mail

SIGN IN

or

Don't you have an account ? sign up Now!

Password

Forgot password

£ 100%

0

Remember Me

all Sketch 🍲





Sketch	đ.	9:41 AM	\$ 100%
		sign up eat a new accou	
2	Uesrna	me or E-mail	
	E-mail	Address	
	Phone	number	
đ	Create	password	٥
ď	Confirm	n password	•
Allresd	y have ar	n account ? sign u	up Now!

Click on Sign IN or create a new account if you have never created an account of Comfort Home before . If you have already created an account before, login with the email and password



Terms&privacy policy

Privacy Agreement

This is a Privacy Statement for Midea Smart Technology Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as MST or We). The Privacy Agreement applies to all types of products, applications, information systems, and others (hereinafter referred to as services). We will collect personal information from you as appropriate and necessary in accordance with laws and regulations. We will do our best to protect your information from disclosure, damage, or missing through reasonable and effective information security techniques and management processes and corresponding security protection measures. We hope to clarify how we are committed to protecting your personal information through the following Privacy Agreemen

The Privacy Statement was updat (V3)

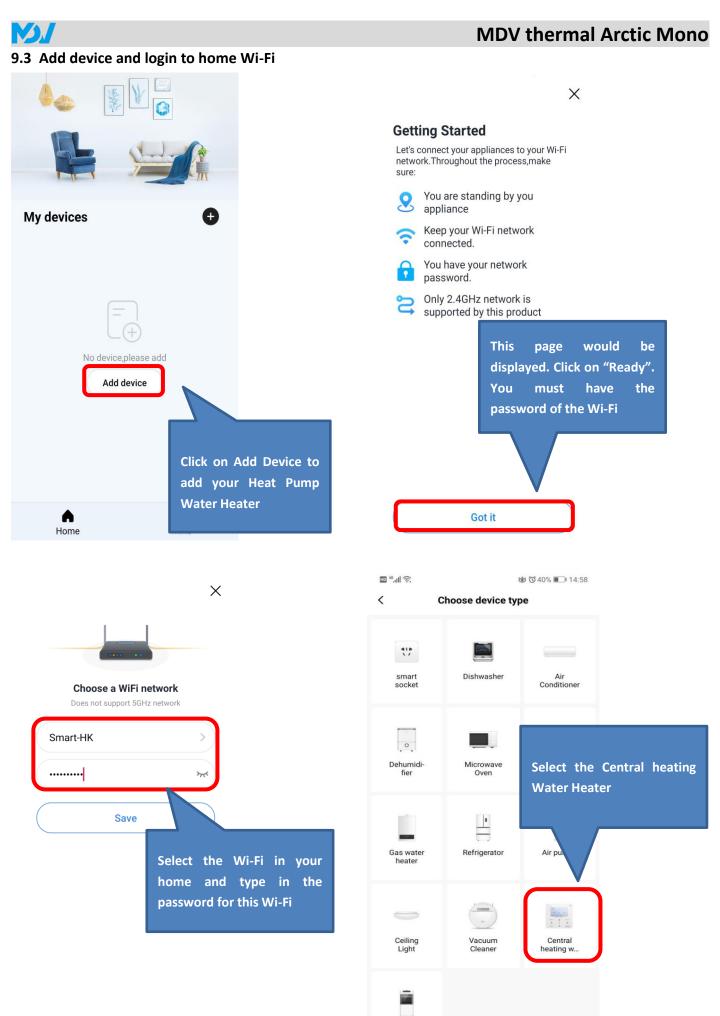
Please read the Privacy Agreeme you have any questions about the you can contact us via the email a herein.

Browse privacy agreement and click "Agree" to enter next step

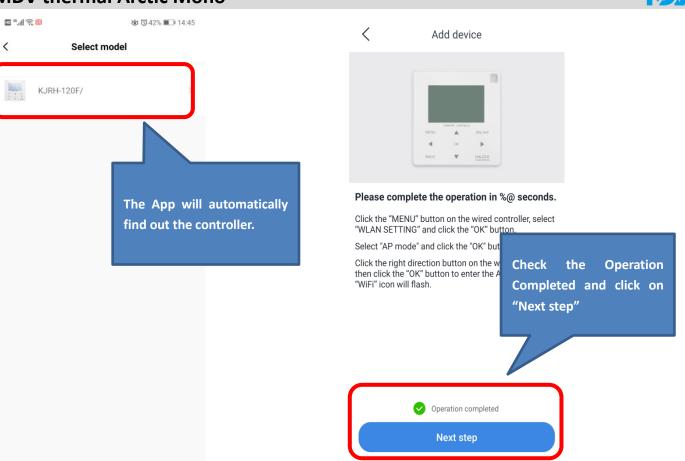
By using or continuing to use our produ services, you agree to the content of, rivacy of the Driv Agraamant If way do not a

Disagree





Part 3 - Installation and Field Settings



9.4 Wired Controller Setting

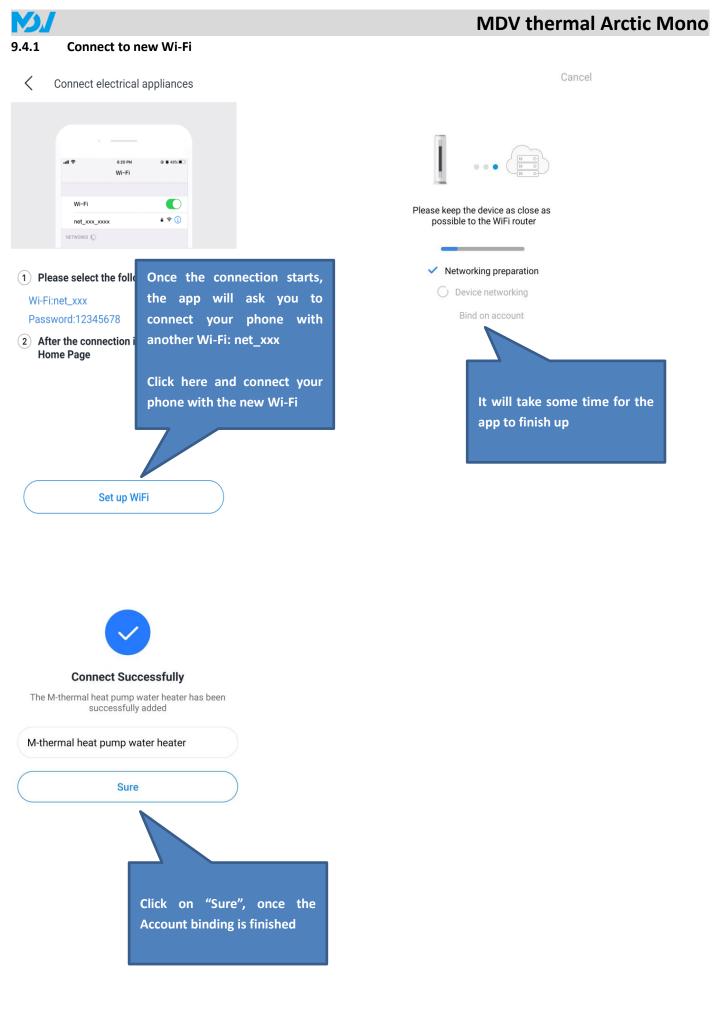
Go to "**MENU**"> "**WLAN SETTING**"> "**AP MODE**". Press "**OK**" to activate the WLAN, refer to Figure 3-8.1. Select **YES**, press **OK** to select AP mode. Select **AP Mode** correspondingly on the mobile device and continue the follow-up settings according to the APP prompts. During the Wireless distribution process, the LCD icon "^S" flashes to indicate that the network is being deployed. After the process is completed, the icon "^S" will be constantly on.

MENU	2/2
SERVICE INFORMAT	ION
OPERATION PARAM	ETER
FOR SERVICEMAN	
WLAN SETTING	
SN VIEW	
OK ENTER	E .
AP MODE	
Do you want to network and exit?	activate the WLAN

YES

∢►

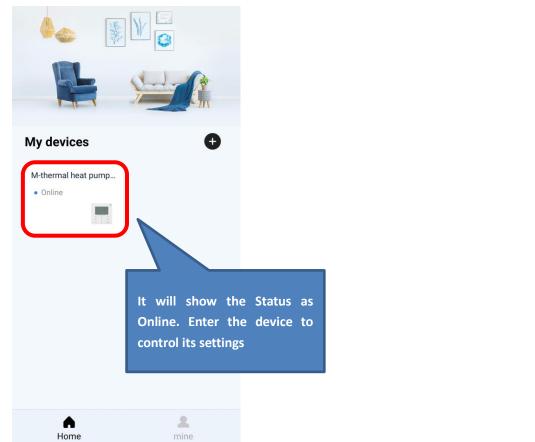
WLAN SETT	TING		
APP MODE			
RESTORE V	VLAN SETTING		
			_
			_
			_
			_
OK ENTER		¢	
01-01-2018	23:59 (· 小 13 (字)	
	ON ·	É;≋ ⊕	
∂23 °°	· · Ņ-	38	This icon will flash
	<u>E01</u>	1*1	, B



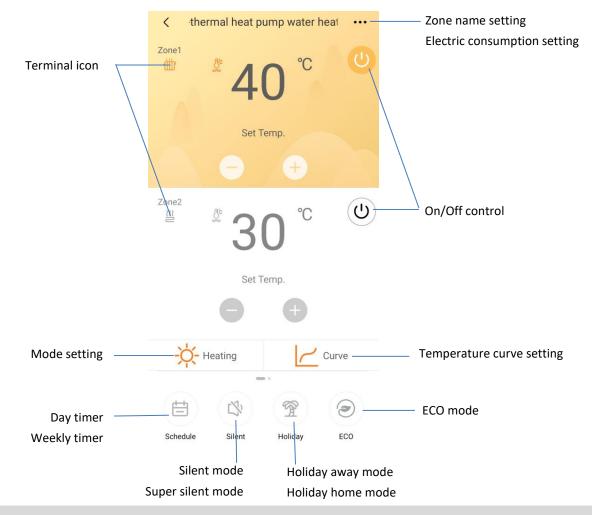
Finishing up

9.4.2





Comfort Home APP User interface





10 USB function guidelines

10.1 Parameters setting transfer between wired controllers

Installer can quickly copy the wired controller parameter settings from unit A to unit B via USB disk, which save the time of on-site installation. Steps are as follows:

Step 1:

Plug U disk into the port of hydronic PCB of A unit.

"USb" appears on digital display



Wired controller interface automatically changes

USB FUNCTION
READ SET PARAMETER
WRITE SET PARAMETER

Step 2:

Select "READ SET PARAMETER" and press "OK" button then rate of progress will appear. When the process is finished, "SUCCESS" appears below and an EXCEL file which can not be seen in the wired controller interface but users can find it on computer will be generated inside the USB disk.

READ SET PARAMETER 63% READ SET PARAMETER PD25319B84M200415	Select "READ SET PARAMETER"	EXCEL generated
WRITE SET PARAMETER WRITE SET PARAMETER		 M_Thermal_Config(Prohibit to rewrite) PD25319B84M200415V24 PD25319B86M200421V35

SUCCESS

ŧ

Finished

After that, if parameter correction is needed, please connect the USB with computer and open the EXCEL file to change parameters and then save it. Please do not change the file name or format. Parameters are not allowed for non-professionals to change and Midea recommends to use the wired controller to change the parameters.

Step 3:

CONFIRM

Plug USB disk into the port of hydronic PCB of B unit and select "WRITE SET PARAMETER" then rate of progress will appear. When the process is finished, "SUCCESS" appears below.

Select "WRITE	SET PARAMETER"

÷

USB FUNCTION READ SET PARAMETER		USB FUNCTION READ SET PARAMETER
WRITE SET PARAMETER	25%	WRITE SET PARAMETER
	¢	



10.2 Convenient program upgrade for unit

There is no need to carry any heavy equipment but only USB disk can realize program upgrade. Steps are as follows:

Step 1:

Copy new program in U disk root directory where other files in bin format are not allowed in

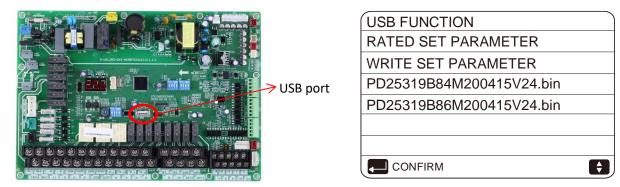
Step 2:

Power on and make sure communication is normal.

Step 3:

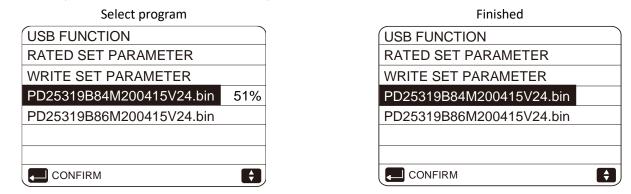
Plug U disk into the port of hydronic PCB.

"USb" appears on digital display



Step 4:

Please distinguish between programs for main control PCB and hydronic PCB. Select one of them and press "OK" button then rate of progress appears. When the process is finished, "SUCCESS" appears below. For upgrading outdoor unit, the process normally lasts for several minutes while only few seconds is needed for indoor unit.



Step 5:

Pull out U disk and power on again to finish upgrading program. Check the program version to make sure upgrade is successful.

CHECK IDU SUI	tware versi	on
OPERATION PARA	METER	#00
Tbt1 BUFFERTANK_U	JP TEMP.	XX °C
Tbt2 BUFFERTANK_L	OW TEMP.	XX °C
Tsolar		XX °C
IDU SOFTWARE	XX-XX-X	xxxxx
ADDRESS		5/9 🖨

Check ODU software version

Wired controller interface automatically changes

OPERATION PARA	METER	#00
T3 OUTDOOR EXCHA	NGE TEMP.	XX °C
T4 OUTDOOR AIR TEI	MP	XX °C
TF MODULE TEMP.		XX °C
P1 COMP PRESSU	RE	ХХ Кра
ODU SOFTWARE	XX-XX-X	XXXXXX
HMI SOFTWARE	XX-XX-X	XXXXXX
ADDRESS		9/9 🖨



11 Appendix

11.1 Environment Temperature Curves

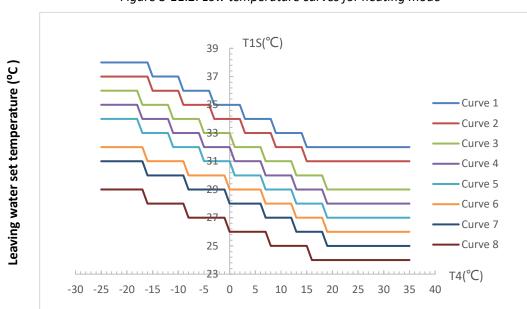
The climate related curves can be selected in the user interface, MENU > PRESET TEMPERATURE > WEATHER TEMP. SET.

In cooling/mode mode, eight curves which are already set in the user interface can be selected. Once the curve is selected, the leaving water set temperature (T1s) is determined by the outdoor temperature(T4).

ECO mode is only suitable for heating mode. It has lower water temperature setting inside the program, which is more energy saving.

The relationship between outdoor ambient temperature (T4) and leaving water set temperature (T1s) is described as in Figure 3-11.2, Figure 3-11.3, Figure 3-11.4 and Figure 3-11.5.

The automatic setting curves are the ninth curve for cooling and heating mode, the ninth curve can be set as in Figure 3-11.6 and Figure 3-11.7.





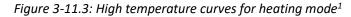
Notes:

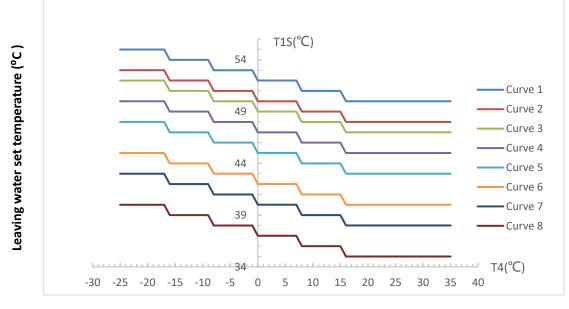
1. It only has the curves of the low temperature setting for heating, if the low temperature is set for heating.

2. Curve 4 is default in low temperature heating mode and curve 6 is default in ECO mode.

Figure 3-11.1: WEATHER TEMP.SET menu
PRE SET TEMPERATURE

PRE SET	EMPERATU	RE
PRESET	WEATHER	ECO
TEMP	TEMPSET	MODE
ZONE1 C-M	NODE LOW T	EMP OFF
ZONE1 H-M	NODE LOW T	EMP OFF
ZONE2 C-N	NODE LOW T	EMP OFF
ZONE2 H-N	NODE LOW T	EMP OFF
ON/OFF		





Notes:

- 1. It only has the curves of the high temperature setting for heating, if the high temperature is set for heating.
- 2. Curve 4 is default in high temperature heating mode and curve 6 is default in ECO mode.

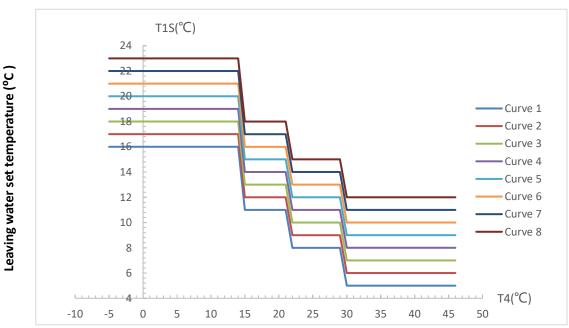


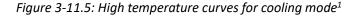
Figure 3-11.4: Low temperature curves for cooling mode¹

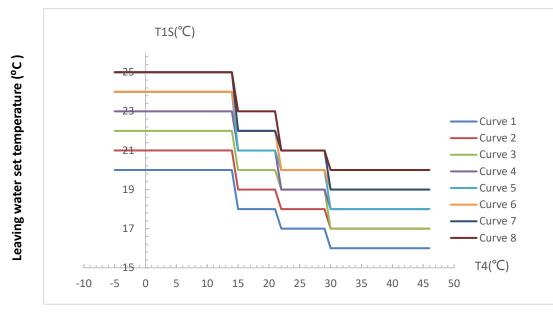
Notes:

1. It only has the curves of the low temperature setting for cooling, if the low temperature is set for cooling.

2. Curve 4 is default in low temperature cooling mode.







Notes:

- 1. It only has the curves of the high temperature setting for cooling, if the high temperature is set for cooling.
- 2. Curve 4 is default in high temperature cooling mode.

There is one customized curve which can set by user according to using habits. Users just need to input the ambient temperature and desire water temperature for two working condition to build the customized curve. The setting of T1SETH1, T1SETH2, T4H1, T4H2 refer to Part 3, 8.6" HEATING MODE SETTING Menu" and T1SETC1, T1SETC2, T4C1, T4C2 refer to Part 3, 8.5" COOLING MODE SETTING Menu".

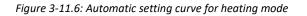
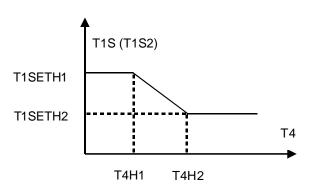


Figure 3-11.7: Automatic setting curve for cooling mode



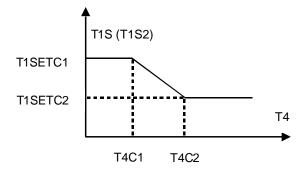




Table 3-12.1: Error code table

Error code	Content ²
bH	PED PCB fault
C7	High temp. protection of inverter module
EO	Water flow fault (E8 displayed 3 times)
E1	Phase loss or neutral wire and live wire are connected reversely (only for three phase unit)
E2	Communication fault between controller and main control board of hydraulic module
E3	Final outlet water temp. sensor (T1) fault.
E4	Water tank temp. sensor (T5) fault.
E5	The condenser outlet refrigerant temperature sensor (T3) fault
E6	The ambient temperature sensor (T4) fault.
E7	The balance tank up temp. sensor (Tbt1) fault.
E8	Water flow fault.
E9	Compressor suction temp. sensor (Th) fault.
EA	Compressor discharge temp. sensor (Tp) fault
Eb	Solar panel temp.sensor (Tsolar) fault.
Ec	The balance tank low temp.sensor(Tbt2) fault
Ed	The plate exchanger water inlet temp. sensor (Tw_in) fault.
EE.	The main control board of hydraulic module EEPROM fault.
F1	DC bus low voltage protection
H0	
ΠU	board of unit)
H1	Communication fault between inverter module PCB A(Inverter module) and main control board PCB B(Main control
111	board of unit)
H2	The plate exchanger refrigerant outlet (liquid pipe) temp. sensor (T2) fault
H3	The plate exchanger refrigerant outlet (gas pipe) temp. sensor (T2B) fault.
H4	Three times P6 protection
H5	Room temp. sensor (Ta) fault
H6	DC fan motor fault.
H7	Main circuit voltage protection fault
H8	Pressure sensor fault.
H9	Zone 2 water flow temp. sensor (Tw2) fault.
HA	The plate heat exchanger water outlet temperature sensor (Tw_out) fault.
Hb	Three times "PP" protection and Tw_out < 7°C
Hd	Communication fault between master unit and slave unit (in parallel)
HE	Communication fault between indoor unit and Ta / room thermostat transfer PCB.
HF	Inverter module board EE PROM fault
НН	H6 displayed 10 times in 120 minutes.
HP	Low pressure protection (Pe<0.6) occured 3 times in 1 hour in cooling mode
P0	Low pressure protection
P1	High pressure protection
P3	Compressor overcurrent protection
P4	Compressor discharge temp. too high protection
P5	High Temperature difference protection between water inlet and water outlet of the plate heat exchanger.

	MDV thermal Arctic Mono
P6	Inverter module protection
Pb	Anti-freeze mode protection
Pd	High temperature protection of refrigerant outlet temp. of condenser
РР	Water inlet temperature is higher than water outlet in heating mode
LO	DC compressor inverter module fault
L1	DC bus low voltage protection (from inverter module mostly when compressor running)
L2	DC bus high voltage protection from DC driver
L4	MCE fault
L5	Zero speed protection
L7	Phase sequence fault
L8	Compressor frequency variation greater than 15Hz within 1 second protection
L9	Actual compressor frequency differs from target frequency by more than 15Hz protection

Ver. 2023-01V1

Midea Building Technologies Division Midea Group

Add.: Midea Headquarters Building, 6 Midea Avenue, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, China

Postal code: 528311

mbt.midea.com / global.midea.com

Midea reserves the right to change the specifications of the product, and to withdraw or replace products without prior notification or public announcement. Midea is constantly developing and improving its products.

